De Michelis says Thatcher uncharitable

ROME (R) — Italian Foreign Minister Gianni de Michelis said British charges that Europe has done too little to support Gulf forces were "unjustified and uncharitable" and he backed a U.S. call for allies to help ranjustified and uncharitable" and he backed a U.S. call for allies to help pay for the effort. "Europe must do its part, in economic terms, to help those countries which are paying for the political decision of the embaging (against Iraq) and the economic and political isolation of Saddam Hussein," he told reporters after a cabinet meeting. British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher Thursday criticised most European allies for doing too little to back the U.S.-led multinational force in the Gulf with arms or money. But de Michelis dismissed her comments: "To us, as Italy and as the precident of the EC (European Comments). "To us, as Italy and as the president of the EC (European Community), Mrs. Thatcher's criticisms seem unjustified and uncharitable." He said the EC and other European organisations had "moved with efficiency and clarity of purpose" since the Gulf crisis began with Iraq's takeover of Knwait on Aug. 2. Italy has sent three ships to help the Gulf effort.



جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية تصدر بالانجليزية عن المُوسسة الصحفة الأردنية ،الراي،

Qadhafi to unveil Gulf initiative

ROME (AP) — Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi will unveil an initiative to solve the Gulf crisis during anniversary celebrations Saturday of his regime's coming to power, according to JANA, the official Libyan news agency. The JANA did not indicate what the initiative for what it called a "peaceful solution to the Gulf problem" might entail. It said only that the initiative was in connection with contacts among various leaders of the Arab World, including that of Sudan's Omar Hassan Al Bashir, who was recently in Baghdad, and between a top Qadhafi aide, Mustafa Al Kharubi, and Îraqi President Saddam Hussein, as well as Qadhafi's consultations in Tripoli earlier this week with King Hussein and Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat. An earlier, brief dispatch by JANA Friday said Arafat arrived in the Libyan capital, Tripoli Thursday and met Friday said Arafat arrived in the Libyan capital, Tripoli Thursday and met with Qadhafi later in the same day. JANA did not say what the two men discussed nor give any other details. Qadhafi took power in a Sept. 1, 1969 coup and traditionally marks the anniversary with a speech and often a military parade in Tripoli or elsewhere in the country.

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Qasem receives

Soviet message

AMMAN (Petra) — Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem Thursday received a message from his Soviet counterpart Eduard Shevardnadze dealing with Jordan's efforts to contain the Gulf crisis. Shevardnadze voiced his conviction that the active and tireless efforts made by Jordan, in cooperation with other Arab countries, could contribute to finding a peaceful settlement to the explosive situation in the Gulf. The Soviet foreign minister underlined the importance of unifying Arab efforts to contain the crisis, and pledged his country's support for the peaceful efforts.

Jordan denies Israeli report

AMMAN (Petra) — An official military spokesman denied Friday a report by Reuter news agency quoting an Israeli military source as alleging that Jordan was sending reconnaissance planes over Saudi Arabia to work for Iraq, by monitoring the moves of Arab and foreign forces deployed there. The Jordanian source also denied what the Israeli source said that the Royal Jordanian Air Force (RJAF) has increased reconnaissance flights on its borders and said no change has taken place on the activities of RJAF.

Jackson meets with iraqi leaders

NICOSIA (AP) — The Rev. Jesse Jackson met Thursday with Iraqi President Saddam Hussein and Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz to discuss the Gulf crisis, officials said. Jackson, who flew to Iraq for the U.S. television show "Inside Edition," met first with Aziz. who explained to him the reasons behind Iraq's takeover of Kuwait. said the Iraqi News Agency: "Aziz explained Iraq's historical and legitimate rights in Kuwaii and President Saddam Hussein's initiative on 12th August as being the sound foundation for reaching just and equitable solutions for all issues from which the region suffers, particularly the suffering of the Palestinian people," INA said. Later, a govern-ment spokesman said the U.S. civil rights leader met with Saddam. No details of that meeting were released immediately.

Pakistani troops leave for S. Arabia today

KARACHI (R) — An initial 2,000 Pakistani troops leave for Saudi Arabia Saturday to join a multinational force. Interim Prime Minister Ghulam Mustafa Jatoi said Friday the 2,000 men and other 3,000 troops from an infantry brigade would join Egyptian soldiers as part of a pan-Islamic force. Jatoi has been strongly criticised in Pakistan for caving in to pressure from the United States and agreeing to send Pakistani troops to Saudi Arabia. U.S. troops form the bulk of the multinational force.

♥J.N. panel votes for continued scrutiny of Iran situation

GENEVA (R) — A United Nations panel has voted to continue scrutiny of Iran's human rights situation, saying there has been a deterioration since a U.N.appointed investigator visited the country in January. The Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, made up of indepen-dent experts from 26 countries, adopted a resolution Thursday night asking the full U.N. Human Rights Commission to take up Iran's case again at its annual session next January.

EC to limit travel of Iraqi diplomats

BRUSSELS (AP) - The European Community (EC) countries plan to limit the travel of Iraqi diplomats within the trade bloc, but will postpone the official announcement until foreign women and children are released from Iraq, an EC official said Friday. The 12 community nations reached "an agreement in principle" on their plan after consultations among the EC member capitals, said the official.

Perez de Cuellar, Aziz take 'important step forward'

U.N. chief, Iraqi minister hold two rounds of talks, schedule another session after experts meet today

By Ghadeer Taher Jordan Times Staff Reporter with agency dispatches

AMMAN — United Nations Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar and Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz held rounds of talks aimed at finding a political solution to the Gulf crisis and scheduled another session for

Saturday morning.
Perez de Cuellar and Aziz said they discussed all aspects of the Gulf crisis and agree that the situation was very tense and that all possible efforts should be exerted to defuse the crisis.

Aziz told journalists at the steps of the Royal Palace that he had informed the U.N. chief that Iraq would "never initiate a milit-ary conflict int he region" and blamed the American and Westem military deployment in the Gulf for making the situation

"This situation is not Iraq's responsibility," Aziz added. He said a solution to the crisis

IRAQ ON Friday began fulfilling its promise to release some of the

rent against a Western attack

and denied that it had imposed

conditions for the release of fore-

Six more warships from the

United States, Britain and the

Netherlands entered Egypt's

Suez Canal en route toward the

Gulf. Dozens of ships have

assembled in the region since Iraq

About 60,000 U.S. combat

troops have moved to battle sta-

tions and their number is ex-

pected to hit 100,000 soon to face

frag's estimated 265,000 soldiers

stationed in and around Kuwait.

in the Middle East, General H.

Norman Schwarzkopf, said Fri-

day that the U.S. deployment

there is ahead of schedule,

though he gave no figures. He said there would be no war

unless Iraq starts one, a move he

said would bring swift retaliation

and prove to be "an awfully

Schwarzkopf, in his first news

stupiđ mistake."

The commander of U.S. forces

gn women and children.

invaded Kwait Aug. 2.

he said. "The crisis in the Gulf should be dealt within an Arab

context... an Arab solution." The secretary general decannot solve a complicated prob-

'I was very much interested in the implementation of Security Council Resolution 667, 662 and 664," Perez de Cuellar said. "I consider the Iraqi initiative an important step forward but as I from earlier statements that the see it is insufficient.... I wish other status of Kuwait, which Iraq has initiatives would follow which declared as its 19th province, would secure the departure of all foreigners from Iraq.'

He said a solution to the crisis could get guarantee from counare implemented." The secretary had to be in an Arab framework. tries who have forces in the regeneral said he was looking for-

Foreign women, children

the United States was not looking

war unless the Iraqis attack,'

While military preparations continued, 19 Italian women and children drove out of Iraq Friday, the first

known Westerners to leave after President Saddam Hussein promised

they could go by Saturday. Britain also said Iraq had issued exit visas to

139 British women and children who

Director of Information Naji Al Hadithi told Reuters Baghdad was

seeking the return of Iraqis prevented

from leaving Britain and France but

this was not a condition for the

ase of women and children.

same official, reported from Baghdad that Iraq was demanding the return of

France as a condition for the prom-

ised release of foreign women and

Reuters asked Hadithi whether de-

mands for the return of Iraqis abroad

were a condition for the departure of the women and children. "No, he

replied.
There are no restrictions on the

Cable News Network, quoting the

astranded" in Britain and

were held at a Baghdad hotel.

Schwarzkopf said.

There's not going to be any

Combined agency dispatches atedly ducked questions about

the problem of all foreigners would be resolved."

Aziz renewed Iraq's call for a comprehensive solution to all scribed the three hour-and-I0-minute meeting as an "important step forward," but said: "You and Lebanese problems. "These outstanding issues in the Middle East, including the Palestinian The secretary general and Aziz will meet Saturday after experts from both sides meet Concentrating only on one issue does not resolve the problem of the region.'

Asked what Iraq's position was on Kuwait, Aziz said: "No comment" in a marked departure was not subject to any negotia-

Aziz, reiterating Baghdad's

Asked about the foreign minisposition on foreigners held back
ter's linkage of the conflicts in the in Iraq as a "deterrent against a Middle East, Perez de Cuellar potential U.S. attack," said: "I said: "I would be very happy if all Middle East, Perez de Cuellar asked the secretary general if he decisions of the Security Council

transporting the women and chil

Hadithi gave a breakdown of the 237 women and children who have

He said there were 132 Britons, 66

Japanese, 19 French, 14 Americans,

O Australians and four others.

"When we receive the response Iraqi Airways will immediately start

to take the women and children

European countries are free to leave

An Iraqi embassy spokesman in London, asked whether there were

any restrictions on the free movement of Iraqis in Britain or on their leaving

Britain, told Reuters: "As far as I am

aware they can leave at any time."

Italian Ambassador to Jordan

Franco Dacourtan said 13 women and

six children, in good health and high spirits, would be flown to Rome Saturday aboard President Francesco

The Italian Foreign Ministry

Rome gave the breakdown as 16 women and three children.

ago but were held in Baehdad. Exit

visas for other Italian women and

The group left Kuwait several days

Women and children from other

asked to go home.

home," he said.

Cossiga's plane.

by road, he added.

"Iraq is searching for all ways gion that they would not attack ward to meeting His Majesty and means to calm the situation," Iraq. If we get these guarantees King Hussein after he ends his current trip "so I can get his evaluation of the situation so that I can add to his efforts to help achieve a just peace in the area. In answer to a question about

American warships stopping ships in the Gulf of Aqaba despite the fact that Jordan is not a party in the conflict, Perez de Cuellar said this measure "is probably being implemented within the framework of Security Council resolution number 661 but... I cannot comment on Security Council resolutions."

An Iraqi official denied a report carried by French radio that the U.N. chief had served an ultimatum from U.S. President George Bush to Iraq during Friday's meeting. The official said no such warning was delivered. The radio had said the ultimatum gave three days to Iraq to leave

Earlier, Perez de Cuellar and Aziz met for two hours in a

(Continued on page 5)

Gorbachev: Gulf begin departure from Iraq build-up Airways landing rights, fuel and other

"makes the situation explosive, very "We have to act responsibly, all of us, to prevent a large scale conflict,

Gorbachev told a rare news conference in Moscow.

Gorbachev did not specifically criticise the United States, which is committed to send up to 250,000 troops to Saudi Arabia. But he urged a diplomatic rather than a military solution to the conflict that began with the

But "we have to be aware... (that a

of a U.N. Security Council resolu-tion authorising the use of force to impose sanctions against Iraq, but has balked at joining a U.S. naval Asked whether he thought the Un-

will retain" troops in Saudi Arabia. Asked to comment on the military buildup in the Gulf, he said: "It makes the situation explosive, very

Gorbachev also strongly criticised Iraqi leader Saddam Hussein for us-ing military forces, rather than di-plomacy, in the Gulf. "Only those who think illogically

can reject such a (peaceful) solution,"
Gorbachev said. "I include the president of Iraq in that number."
He denied assertions by some that

the Kremlin preference for a diplomatic rather than a military solution indicated that the Soviet Union was slipping from superpower status. "Some people think we lose our

The Middle East conflict marked one of the first times since World War II that the Soviet Union has not acted as an antagonist to the United States during a world crisis, although its support for the United States during the current tension has been luke-

Although the Kremlin halted its arms shipments to Iraq, it has not withdrawn 193 Soviet military specialists and 5,000 construction workers stationed there. It pulled its diplo-mats out of Kuwait after Iraq ordered foreign governments to close their embassies, while the United States and several other countries have defied Iraq and kept their diplomats in

On Tuesday, Foreign Ministry spokesman Gennady Gerasimov criti-



U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar left (wearing glasses) and Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz (second from right) meet in Amman

Friday for talks attended by senior aides (Photo by

King meets Thatcher, says Jordan abides by sanctions

LONDON (Agencies) — His Majesty King Hussein held talks with British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher Friday and said later Jordan is abiding by United Nations sanctions imposed on Iraq after its takeover of Knwait.

"The government of Jordan makes it very, very clear that it abides by these United Nations resolutions," King Hussein told reporters after talks with

by Reuters said the King and Thatcher were "quite far apart in their assessment of the causes of the dispute and ways to resolve it.

Government officials quoted

But they said the two leaders agreed on the need for Iraq to aw iiom kuwail

"We discussed the present very serious crisis in our part of the world and in our region and we have a better understanding of each other's positions as we are trying to

achieve the objective which I have

set myself to try to achieve from the

to stop the danger of an errutpion that would have devastating effects on the region and maybe the world," the King told reporters.

Answering another question, he said: "I believe that the government of Jordan has made it very, very clear that it abides by U.N. Security Council resolutions as it expects and has called for them to be applied in other cases over many years. I mean we cannot contradict ourselves in terms of principles. We stand by them on all issues and for what better you might call here... we took position and we were at the Security Council at that period of time against the acquisition of terri-

tory by force.

Asked whether he felt optimistic, the King said: "I believe that we have re-established contact and a helpful dialogue which I hope will

Asked whether he brought an specific proposals, he said: "I did not bring any proposals. I am not a bearer of a peace plan that is associated with my name or that of

area to bring many of us together to

see what we can do to contribute to

Officials said Thatcher discussed the Gulf crisis with U.S. President George Bush in a 25-minute tele-phone call before her meeting with

Bush and Thatcher "continue to be absolutely together upon every-thing that is going on," one official

Thatcher criticised European allies Thursday, saying they were not doing enough to support U.S. efforts in the Gulf and were relying on Washington to be "the world's

King Hussein, on an international mission to try to find a diplomatic solution to the Gulf crisis, said Jordan had called for U.N. resolutions to be applied in many cases over the years.

"We can't contradict ourselves in terms of principles. We stand by them on all issues," the King said. visited Arab capitals, is due to

travel to Paris and Bonn. King Hussein arrived from Madrid, where he spoke to King Juan Carlos and Prime Minister Felipe

(Continued on page 5)

Cairo meeting wants Iraq to leave Kuwait, pay damages

Combined agency despatches

CAIRO — Arab states opposing Iraq demanded Friday it pull its troops out of Kuwait and pay war damages as conditions for a peace settlement of the Gulf crisis.

Conference sources said an Arab League foreign ministers' meeting decided on a five-point blueprint as a basis for peace.

The ministers repeated the league's demand for an immediate and unconditional withdrawal of Iraqi troops from Kuwait. Egypt's Foreign Minister Esmat Abdul Meguid said the meetings had ended and that the resolutions would be announced it a press conference Saturday.

No explanation was given for the delay in announcing the re-solutions, although Foreign Ministry sources insisted it was has created in the Arab World. only to allow time for the resolutions to be translated into English and French.

Sources close to the conference, who spoke on condition of anonym-ity, told news agencies that there were five resolutions which called for the immediate release of all foreign hostages held by Iraq and compen tion to be paid to Kuwait for losses

resulting from the invasion.

The third resolution calls for th well-treatment of all civilians and compensating them for any losses. The fourth is a reiteration of the league's condemnation of Iraq for the invasion and the fifth is a call for the return of the rule of Kuwait's deposed emir, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al

Sabah, the sources said. Only 13 of the league's 21 members attended the emergency meeting and only 10 of them were represented by foreign ministers. This reflects the deep split that Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion

affairs Abdul Rahman Awad told reporters after the conference that five resolutions had been adopted and expressed his satisfaction with them. But he refused to give any details.

Abdul Meguid said Egypt, as the host country, will announce the re-solutions at a press conference at 10:00 local time (0700 GMT)

Saturday.

The other points in the blueprint adopted by foreign ministers were:

— They demanded immediate release of hostages held by Iraq. with no link between any resolution of the Gulf crisis and Westerners being detained in Iraq and Kuwait. The safety of Arab labourers should also be

guaranteed, they said. — They condemned Iraq's moves against foreign embassies in Kuwait, saying it had no right to move them to

(Continued on page 4)

Jordan grapples with huge flow of evacuees —a'human disaster' nitarian aspects of having to arranged by their diplomatic By Mariam M. Shahin

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Jordan is grappling with one of the gravest international crises since World War II with the massive wave of evacuees from Iraq and Kuwait, and the gravity of the situation has been underlined by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan who described it as a "human disaster."

The Kingdom, with a population of 3.4 million people, is ill-equipped to handle the average daily flow of thousands of evacuees, and although the authorities have expanded the facilities at the Al Ruweished border post to allow in 20,000 people every day, the outflow of the arrivals simply does not match the influx, officials have said. And that is precisely where the Kingdom faces the biggest problem, particularly when seen in light of the humahold back thousands of arrivals at the desert post in the scorching sun until there is room in the transit camps in Amman.
Al Ruweished, which used to

handle an average of not more than 600 to 700 arrivals on a daily basis before Aug. 6, when Iraq opened it frontier for the hundreds of thousands of foreigners stranded in Kuwait following its takeover on Aug. 2, now handles about 18,000 to

20,000 every day. The logistics of the evacuation process are massive, whether in terms of overland transport to the Kingdom's border with Syria, the demarcation line at the bridges across the River Jordan, or the port of Aqaba, which has been absorbing the bulk of the Egyptian evacuees, or providing transit camping facilities for the thousands of Asians and others awaiting homeward flights

missions.

Some of the countries in volved simply do not have the resources, whether financing for any massive airlift or arranging aircraft to fly to Amman to pick up the evacuees, And even if alternate arrangements were made to allow passenger vessels to dock at Adaba it might take months before the first ship actually docks at the Red Sea port, marine experts say. Pakistan said it was expecting a passenger ship to dock at

Aqaba Sept. 3. Relief organisations have promised to airlift about 40,000 evacuees to their countries of origin, but no detail is available yet on the specific nationalities or when the operations will

actually start. In the meantime, arrivals are piling up at the Al Ruweished

(Continued on page 5)

travel of women and children from any country," he said. He said Iraq wanted the British and conference since moving his com-mand post to Saudi Arabia, repechildren left in Iraq were being pro-cessed, Dacourtan said. Bush unable to predict war, but wants allies to foot bill

Combined agency dispatches

KENNEBUNKPORT — President George Bush says he caunot predict whether the United States will end up in a Gulf war, but he is seeking international donations to help pay for the preparations.

Meanwhile, a Washington D.C., newspaper quoted unidentified sources as saying some U.S. allies, including Saudi Arabia, Britain and Israel, are urging the United States to use military force to resolve the Middle East

The Los Angeles Times reported Friday that U.S. officials were compiling a list of alleged violations of international law that could be seen tional law that could be cited to justify any military action against

Before returning to Maine to re-sume his vacation Friday, Bush tele-phoned a number of world leaders to discuss his proposal to finance the massive U.S. military buildup in the

Bush announced that he is seeking money for Egypt, Turkey and Jordan - which are suffering severe economic effects from the trade embargo with Iraq and from a flood of refugees and soliciting contributions for

U.S. miltiary costs. Bush talked by phone with West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl, Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak, Sheikh Zayed Ben Sultan Al Nahayan, Turkish President Ozal and the deposed Kuwaiti emir, Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah, said Press Secret-

ary Marlin Fitzwater. Bush also plans to dispatch Secret-ary of State James Baker, Treasury Secretary Nicholas Brady and other officials to the Gulf, Europe and Asia. They are to work on signing up U.S. friends for what Bush called an

'action plan" to round up funds.
Japan said Friday it would welcome talks with a U.S. presidential envoy on aid to Middle Eastern countries, but ruled out any increase in funding for multinational forces in the Gulf. Western diplomats said although Bush has publicly welcomed Japan's

contribution to the multinational forces, Washington was telling Tokyo behind the scenes it wanted more. They said the U.S. was pressing for Japanese ships, possibly a mines-weeper, and non-military personnel. weeper, and non-military personnel.

Japanese Foreign Ministry spokesman Taizo Watanabe told reporters

his government had been told Washington was sending an envoy to tiscuss Middle East issues. "We'll be happy to discuss aid and cooperation (for Middle East countries), but we have no plans to in-crease the one billion dollars already

After more than three weeks of anguished decision-making, the

slated for multinational forces," he

it would earmark \$1 billion in aid to in the Gulf.

The money would go towards sending doctors and nurses to the Gulf, transporting non-military supplies to the region and helping the United States and other countries defray the cost of chartering sircraft and ships. Japan also said it would give con-siderable financial aid to Jordan, Turkey and Egypt, but set no figure. Vice Finance Minister Masam

Kagayu told reporters on Friday Japan would work out details of aid for those countries after talks with international aid organisations and Baghdad Thursday denounced

Japan's billion-dollar aid package for the multinational force in the Gulf and siad the move could jeopardise Tokyo's long-term interests in the "Japan's decision to finance the foreign forces threatening Iraq's security ... is subject to our surprise

and condemnation," the Iraqi News Agency (INA) said. In a commentary it said was written by a top Iraqi official it added: "What crest has Japan in becoming party to the most dangerous aggression led by the United States which threatens to trigger war in a region that has been and remains its main source of

The Washington Times Friday (Continued on page 5)

veryspecific U.S. military options under consideration. But he said and children. "We are waiting for their positive dangerous' respons in the next few hours to start

MOSCOW (AP) — Soviet President Mikhail S. Gorbachev warned Friday that the military buildup in the Gulf

that takeover of Kuwait Aug. 2.

The U.S. deployment in Sandi Arabia was permissible under the terms of the United Nations Charter, he

military escalation) is always fraught with unpredictable consequences."
The Soviet Union voted in favour

ited States would keep its forces in the Gulf, Gorbachev said: "I don't think that the U.S. leadership, after

The basis of the Soviet position, he said, was that "we cannot accept the annexation of Kuwait. It is unaccept-

prestige and reputation. It is not so,"

cised the U.S. government for expelling 36 Iraqi diplomats.

Velayati: No obstacles | Iraq, S. Arabia shop to peace with Iraq

NICOSIA (AP) — Iranian Fore-ign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati war, and initiated an exchange of said Thursday Tehran saw no obstacles to a peace settlement with Iraq and he was prepared to bost his Iraqi counterpart, Tareq Aziz, to hasten the peace process.

We have repeatedly stressed that Iraq's invasion of Kuwait and the current Gulf crisis is a separate issue from peace talks between Tehran and Baghdad." Velayati said in a broadcast monitored in Nicosia.

Iran has condemned Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion of Kuwait, but it has welcomed Baghdad's subsequent peace settlement with Iran.

Azizi's visit is believed to pave the way for a face-to-face meeting between Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, and his Iranian counterpart, Hashemi Rafsanjani. Saddam earlier this month set-

tled a decade-long border dispute

He pulled troops out of Iranian

war, and initiated an exchange of

prisoners of war. Saddam's sudden peace initia-

Iraq accepted Iran's terms for a formal end to the war, including a 1975 border treaty which gives Iran the eastern half of Shatt Al

Velayati said the dispute over the treaty was the main hurdle in August 1988 ceasefire. Iran bad

Tehran radio said 900 Iranian prisoners of war, returned home Thursday, bringing the total num-ber of Iranians and Iraqis repatriated over the past two weeks to over 35,000.

tion of the United States and

mainly in the Yemeni capital of

Sanaa. But others have been re-

ported in he southern port city of

Aden and in the mountain city of

The demonstrations spread

Thursday to Sa'adeh, a province

on the borders with Saudi Ara-

bia, according to a report on

Commenting on Yemen's abs-

Cairo, Dali said his country

ence from the Arab League fore-

ign ministers meeting under way

had wished to see the meeting

"delayed to enable us to make

more contacts and consultations

which would lead to improve the

The demonstrations have been

Saudi Arabia.

radio in Sanaa.

Dali says Yemen not involved in Gulf crisis

minister of State for Foreign Affairs Abdul Aziz Al Dali complained Thursday of attempts to

"Yemen as a brother Arab other brethren states out of the crisis which would hurt all of us. Daii told reporters after a meeting with Sheikh Hamdan Ben Zayed, Foreign Ministry undersecretary in the United Arab

the several sons of the UAE president, Sheikh Zayed Ben Sultan Al Nahayan.

out the existence of Iraqi jet fighters in Yemeni airport, saying "there is no justification for the existence of such fighter jets in Yemen.

He also denied other reports saying his country tried to break the economic sanctions against Iraq by an airlift, saying that his country "does not have a fleet sufficient enough to conduct such

"These reports were attempts to defame Yemen's stand and get it involved as a party to the crisis

Dali said he briefed UAE offi-

tive came at a time of growing confrontation with the U.S.-led multinational forces rushed to Saudi Arabia and the Gulf.

peace talks which followed the informed Iraq it was ready for a requested visit by Aziz, he added without giving a date.

ABU DHABI (AP) - Yemen's cials on his country's stand "as we are eager to have our efforts to help brethren countries come out of the crisis correctly underget his country involved as a party in the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait. Yemen was among the few Arab states that failed to con-

country was trying to bring all demn the Aug. 2 Iraqi invasion of It did not vote in favour of foreign and Arab forces to Saudi Arabia at the emergency Arab summit hosted by Egypt after the invasion. The country has also Emirates (UAE). been gripped by demonstrations in support of Iraq and denuncia-

Sheikh Hamdan is also one of

Dali denied recent reports ab-

through pressure," the Yemeni

the world for weapons

WASHINGTON (AP) — They Iraq) thought we were creating carry assault weapons made in allies, forging relationships on the Soviet Union and fight with tanks and artillery from Moscow and Beijing.

The fighter planes overhead may come from France or the Soviet Union. The multiplelaunch rocket systems and sur-face-to-surface missiles are made in Brazil. Other weaponry comes from Czechoslovakia. Egypt and South Africa.

For Iraq, arming a mighty military force has meant scouring

the globe for supplies.
In the Third World, it is hardly alone in seeking the latest military technology. Saudi Arabia has F-15 fighter planes, tanks, antitank missiles and air-to-air missiles from the United States. The British sold the Saudis fighter planes; the French provided antiaircraft batteries.

And U.S. President George Bush has agreed to sell the Saudis another \$2.3 billion worth of weapons: More planes and tanks, as well as Stinger anti-aircraft missiles and depleted-uranium anti-armour rounds that had been banned from Riyadh's shopping

Beginning with a weapons shopping spree in the mid-1970s, the Middle East has grown into the leading market for increasingly sophisticated killing machines, from tanks to fighter planes and "smart" missiles.

flowed into the region's two leading buyers — Iraq and Saudi Arabia - is aimed across their common border in an international crisis that in some ways echoes the diffused cold war. "Both we (selling to the

Saudis) and the Soviets (helping

our team in a global bipolar power struggle," said Michael T. Klare, a professor of peace and world security studies at Hampshire College in Massachusetts. "But that's not what they

thought they were doing," said Klare, who wrote a prescient article in May about the emergence of "regional superpowers" such as Iraq.

Of the more than \$300 million in arms sold to Third World countries from 1982 through 1989, Sandi Arabia and Iraq received nearly one-third of the total, according to a congressional research service analysis of U.S. intelligence data.

The United States and the Soviet Union have accounted for more than 60 per cent of that total weapons trade.

Hoping to rid themselves of dependence on the superpowers, Third World countries have been developing indigenous weapons industries, defence analysts say. Brazil is able to build its own tanks and fighter planes, and is eager to market them. India builds large warships, artillery and missiles. Countries from Argentina to South Korea, China and South Africa also have homegrown weapons capability.

In 1978-79, the United States and the Soviet Union conducted talks aimed at clamping controls And the weaponry that has on the spread of new conventional weapons technology, but the discussions broke off after the Soviet intervention in Afgha-

It would be far more difficult for such a bilateral effort to be effective in today's wide-open

Musawi predicts moves on European hostages

BEIRUT (AP) - A reputed leader of pro-Iranian kiduappers says that Europeans among the 13 Western hostages held in Lebanon could benefit from recent actions by European governments, the Al Divar newspaper reported Friday.

"Muslim factions concerned with the European and American hostages distinguish between the American and European stands." it quoted Hussein Musawi as saying in an interview. These factions, "view with

satisfaction, although partially, the French stand, which is independent from the American will regarding those imprisoned in France, on the Middle East crisis in general and on the political and military situation arising from the Gulf crisis," Musawi noted.

He gave no indication when any hostages might be freed. But he stressed that the kidnappers view with satisfaction the latest

Musawi, a Shi'ite Muslim, heads a pro-dyrian wing of the furdamentalist Hizbollah (Party of God).

Hizbollah. Iran's closest ally in Lebanon, is believed to be the parent movement for most of the factions holding Western captives six Americans, four Britons. two West Germans and an Italian.

Three European hostages have been freed in recent weeks. Swiss Red Cross worker Elio Erriquez was freed Aug. 13, his companion Emanuel Christen Aug. 8. They had been kidnapped in South Lebanon Oct. 6, 1989.

Irishman Brian Keenan was released Aug. 24 after nearly 44 years in captivity.

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French President Francois Mitterrand recently released Anis Naccache, a Lebanese who was

serving a life sentence for the 1980 attempted assassination of former Iranian Prime Minister Shahpour Bakhtiar in Paris.

Britain has recently said it does not approve of the contents of Rushdie's novel, "The Satanic Verses." which Iran said defamed Iran's late revolutionary pat-

riarch. Ayatollah Ruhollah

Khomeini, assued a death sentence on Rushdie in February 1939 for blaspheming the Muslim religion in the book. Iran severed relations with Britain after London refused to halt

publication of the book. Rushdie has been in hiding under guard since Khomeini's death threat. But the British have in recent weeks acknowledged that "The Satanic Verses" could be offensive to Muslims and has been

seeking to patch up relations with

Iran following Khomeini's death

in June last year. Musawi said that "such stands would undoubtedly be understood" by the kidnappers "as goodwill gestures by the Euroгеапз...

Musawi said in a telephone interview with the Associated Press Aug. 16 that he believed no American hostages would be freed because of the U.S. military intervention in the Gulf following Iraq's invasion of Knwait.

"I don't think any American hostage is likely to be freed in the forseeable future because of the U.S. military occupation of Saudi Arabia." Musawi said.

In the interview with Al Divar. Musawi said Iraqi President Saddam Hussein committed aggression by invading Kuwait Aug. 2 and annexing it six days later.

"But we don't believe that Saddam's aggression should be con-fronted by an American occupa-tion of our lands," he added.

'Iraq could have the bomb in 2 years'

WASHINGTON (R) — Cable News Network (CNN) has reported that Iraq could build a nuclear bomb in less than two years, much quicker than previously reported by private ex-

Quoting what it called a U.S. intelligence report, CNN said Iraq could "make a bomb in less than two years using the enriched uranium already in its posses-A Central Intelligence Agency

spokesman, Mark Mansfield declined comment on the report, and a State Department official said there were differing views on the status of Iraq's nuclear prog-Iraq has about 12.5 kilogram-

me of weapons-grade uranium

fuel, supplied by France in 1980, possibly enough for one carefully designed nuclear weapon, nuclear weapons experts said.

According to a soon-to-be-pub lished book by Leonard Spector and Jacqueline Smith of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, Iraq has been doing research on uranium enrichment, critical to making fuel for nuclear weapons, at a small Soviet-supplied research reactor outside Baghdad.

"In view of the long lead times required to build nuclear arms, it is highly unlikely that Iraq will be able to acquire them before the mid- to late-1990s," the book concludes.

Iraq's reported effort to obtain nuclear weapons technology was stymied by a 1981 Israeli bombing raid that destroyed a large French-supplied research reactor at Osiraq, outside Baghdad.

But early last year the director of U.S. naval intelligence, Rear Admiral Thomas Brooks, said in testimony to Congress that Bagh-dad was "actively pursuing" a nuciear weapons programme, a charge Iraq denied. Whatever its intentions. Iraq is

a part to the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty and thus has been subject to periodic on-site inspection of its nuclear facilities and materials by the Vienna-based International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA). The most recent safeguard in-

spections of Iraq's nuclear facilities were carried out last April. they wrote.

Based on data collected until then, the IAEA concluded "all material under safeguards has been accounted for," according to a statement issued on May 7 in Vienna at the request of Iraq.

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In their forthcoming book, "Nuclear Ambitions," Spector "Nuclear Ambitions," Spector and Smith said Iraq's 12.5-kilogramme cache of highly enriched uranium fuel represented only half the amount deemed necessary for a crude nuclear weapon

under IAEA standards. "Nonetheless, it cald be fabricated into a nuclear weapon if a somewhat more sophisticated design were used employing techniques that have been discussed widely in unclassified sources,"

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

Ershad offers to mediate in Gulf crisis

DHAKA (R) - Bangladesh President Hossain Mohammad Ershad offered Friday to mediate between Iraq and Kuwait but only after Bashdad withdrew its forces from the Emirate. He condemned the Aug. 2 Iraqi invasion and asked Baghdad to restore the Kuwaiti government. "I am quite willing to mediate on any disputes that Iraq and Kuwait may have," he told a public rally in the western town of Bhamrai. "But such mediation is possible ony after Iraq pulls it occupation forces out of Kuwait," Ershad said. Bangladesh, which has 50,000 nationals stranded in the Gulf, had warm relations with Iraq until the invasion. Parliament last week endorsed a government move to send 5,000 troops to join a U.S.-dominated multinational force in Saudi Arabia. The opposition Awami League and several leftist parties have called for an eight-hour general strike on Sept. 3 to protest at the sending of troops. But another major opposition group, the Bangladesh Nationalist Party, says it will not take part.

Libya denies involvement in May attack

ROME (AP) — Libya has denied U.S. allegations that it played a role in an aborted attack on Israeli beach resorts. On Monday, the State Department said the Libyan government "proved direct support in all phases of preparation" for the May 30 attack near Tel Aviv. Four Palestinian guerrillas were killed and 12 captured by Israeli forces in the seaborne raid. The official Libyan news agency, monitored in Rome, quoted an unidentified source in the foreign ministry as describing the accusations as "baseless." JANA said Libya had previously denied any involvement. The Libyan source was quoted as saying the U.S. statement was timed to divert attention from the situation in the Gulf. "The aim behind it is to draw the eyes of the world away from what is happening in the Gulf region and an attempt to silence the Arab voices which are condemning and rejecting the foreign intervention in the region," the official was quoted as saying. Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi has spoken out against Iraq's invasion of Kuwait, but he has also been highly critical of the subsequent U.S.-led military buildup in the Gulf.

North Korea opposes U.S. role

TOKYO (R) - North Korea said it opposed Iraq's annexation of Kuwait but called for a peaceful settlement of U.S. and other foreign troops from the region. A North Korean Foreign Ministry spokesman, speaking to the official KCNA news agency monitored in Tokyo Friday, also denied what he called an insidious false report in a U.S. newspaper that Pyongyang was delivering arms to Baghdad. According to the agency, the spokesman said: "... We oppose Iraq's invasion of Kuwait and annexation and, at the same time, denounce the United States for taking this opportunity of massing large armed forces in the Gulf area and attempting to start a wholesale military intervention in this The world was watching with deep apprehension developments in the Middle East, now at a more grave stage "owing to the armed intervention of the U.S. imperialists and other outside forces," the North Korean official said. "We maintain that the Iraq-Kuwait dispute should be resolved in a peaceful way and the presence of foregin armed forces in the Guif and their intervention in this region be dicontinued," he added.

Portuguese supply ships join Gulf force

LISBON, (AP) - Portugal has committed a naval supply ship and two civilian support vessels to the international armada in the Middle East. The ships will be the first Portuguese contribution to the multinational force opposing Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion of Kuwait. Defence Minister Fernando Nogueira announced the decision after meeting with military officials. He said naval supply ship. Sao Mignel, will help impose the United Nations embargo on trade with Iraq and Kuwait. The two civilian ships are ready to sail in answer to a U.S. request for support vessels to back warships in the Gulf, Mogueira said. Portugal is also sending a frigate to participate in NATO exercises in the Mediterranean Sea beginning Sept. 10, the minister said. The exercises are not directly linked to the imposition of sanctions against Iraq, Nogueira added.

Swedish company built iraqi shelters

STOCKHOLM (AP) — Swedish companies built about a dozen bomb shelters in Baghdad which could protect Iraqis during an American air raid, construction workers said Thursday. "About a dozen shelters were built in Baghdad and surrounding areas. Plans existed for more shelters but they were never built," said Lars-Eric Kindsted, who works for Flakt, the company that installed the ventilation in the shelters in the 1980s. "The shelters

were built during the war with Iran but were empty or used as restaurants or libraries when we left them." Kindsted said in a telephone interview. "The missile attacks by Iran had ceased by then. It is not impossible that one of the shelters was turned into a central military command but it is not something that I know about." The Swedish construction company, ABV, was contracted to build the shelters during Iraq's 1980-88 war with Iran. The respected newspaper, Dagens Industri, reported Wednesday that 14 installations were built in Baghdad in the 1980. It said they were equipped with shock absorbers and ventilation with filter protection against gas and radiation.

Iranian scholar Najafi dead at 96

NICOSIA (AP) - Ayatollah Marashi Najafi, a senior cleric and one of Iran's top Islamic authorities, died of a heart attack, Tehrean radio reported Thursday. The broadcast, monitored in Nicosia, said he died Wednesday at age 96 in his home in the holy city of Qom in western Iran. Iranian President Hashemi Rafsanjani declared a three-day mourning in Najafi's memory. Najafi was born in the city of Najaf in Iraq in 1894. He came to Iran in 1923 on a pilgrimage to the shrine of Imam Reza. After a three-month stay in Tehran, he was invited to teach at the renowned Qom theological seminary. He remained in Iran ever since, and came to be regarded as a grand ayatollah, or supreme Shi'ite Muslim authority, in recognition of his learning. During his years in Iraq, Najafi wrote many treatises on Islam and Shiism.

Family of six flees Kuwait via Iraq

ATHENS (AP) — Six Greeks fled Kuwait by travelling through Iraq and crossing into Turkey, officials said Thursday. Government spokesman Vyron Polydoras said that they had crossed into Turkey but had not contacted the Greek embassy and their whereabouts were unknown. News reports in Athens said that the six, apparently all relatives, crossed into Turkey Tuesday night. The reports identified them as four men and two women, all with the surname Antypas. "It appears they were permanent residents of Kuwait and know the southeastern Mediterranean area well," said a Foreign Ministry official, speaking on condition of anonymity. "They made it out on their own and are now somewhere in Turkey, where obviously they must know some eople," he said. Foreign Ministry officials estimate that there are people, he said roleigh wants; our landing 14 diplomats.

Lugar wants Saddam Hussein's ouster

INDIANAPOLIS (R) - Senator Richard Lugar, senior republican on the U.S. Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said Thursday that Iraqi leader Saddam Hussein must be removed from power, one way or another. "He must go, voluntarily or involuntarily,' Lugar said in a speech to the annual convention of the American Legion. Whether it takes a revolt of the Iraqi people or military force from the United Nations, "we cannot leave him in power because he possesses a chemical and nuclear capability," Lugar said. He predicted that President George Bush would eventually reach the same conclusion. General Colin Powell, head of the joint chiefs of staff, told the same convention that Saddam "is the latest in a long line of leaders who rule by fear, who rule by the gun and who live by conquest." They are human values — and leaders who will be stopped. Why? because they underestimate the resolve, they understimate the determination and they underestimate the strength of our great nation."

Indian Muslims burn Bush efficy

NEW DELHI (AP) — Hundreds of Muslims emerged from their weekly prayers at India's largest mosque Friday and burned an effigy of President George Bush to protest the American presence in the Gulf. A cloth-and-stick effigy decorated with two American flags and "Bush" written across its face was set on fire by Muslim youths outside the Jama Masjid, "Down with America," "Long live Arab unity," the men screamed as they pummelled the effigy with fists and sticks. Then it was lit by leaders of the All India Muslim Youth and Students' council, the group that organised the protest. The council "fully supports Iraqi President Saddam Hussein and people of Iraq in their struggle against America and Israel," its president, Mohammad Younus Siddiqui, said. His speech has greeted with wild cheers and hoarse cries by about 200 demonstrators surrounding the burning effigy. The "unanthorised baby of America, Israel, has already occupied Palestine and Arab land, and now America has entered the holy Saudi Arabian land under the pretext (of saving) Saudi Arabia," Siddiqui said. "America also wants to spoil the rich Islamic heritage of Arabs," he said. In a separate statement, the council condemned the Saudi rulers for "inviting the unholy Americans and Jews on the holy land."

fears of Israeli public TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israeli But the Jewish state has made it clear President Chaim Herzog tried to calm public fears Friday by saying the Iraqi um; was "not the mighty monster." it was made out to be.

Herzog seeks to calm

They were reacting to an Iraqi air force commander's threat a day earlier "of dealing smashing blows to the The unidentified commander ac-

cased Israel of playing "a hypocritical role in pushing the situation towards war" in the Gall A leading Israeli military analyst said Friday that the latest threat marked an escalation in the war of words with Iraq and called for a reassessment of the dangers facing

the lewish state. Up until now Israel considered an Iraqi anack only a low probability," said Zeev Schiff, military writer for the Hebrew daily Haaretz. assessment was that Iraq would not open another front when faced with the American forces. Now we have to reassess and consider an Iraqi attack on Israel as an act of desperation."

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Sha-

mar said "any aggressor will live to

regret has actions. israel has repeatedly proven in the past that it knows how to defend arelf and if anacked we will know bow to defend ourselves again and any aggressor will live to regret his Sharms said in a statement. israei has been restrained in its comments on the Gulf crisis, set off Aug. 2 when Iraq invaded Kuwait.

JORDAN TELEVISION

Programme review
Children programme
Educational programme
News Summary

Programme review News in Arabic

..... News to French

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Local programme

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..... News in Arabic

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22:00 News in English 22:00 Feature Sim: "Vita Zapata"

PRAYER TEMES

PROGRAMME ONE

PROGRAMME TWO

that it is prepared to handle any Iraqi The deepening crisis is expected to

be discussed Wednesday in Washing-ton, where Foreign Minister David Levy is to meet with U.S. Secretary of State James Baker.

general. David Ivri, returned this week from talks in Washington in which he laid out Israeli demands on weapoury. Israeli officials have expressed con-

cern that planned sales of U.S.-made fighter jets, tanks and Stinger anti aircrast missiles to Saudi Arabia would reduce Israel's "qualitative edge in Middle East weaponry.
The Jerusalem Post said Jvn had received "partial answers so far" on enhancing U.S. weapons packages for Israel, which receives \$1.8 billion a

year in U.S. military aid. Herzog, in the text of a speech to broadcast Friday, urged the public to remain calm.

"True, we are dealing with a cruel tryrant." Herzog said. "But the picture as of now is not of a man trying to widen his field of combat."

He added: "I am not saying the Iraqi army, in these conditions, is a paper tiger. ... But it is certainly not the mighty monster described by so

many in the media." Defence Minister Moshe Arens told Israel Radio "we are prepared. ready and calm.'

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swellieb, Tel. \$1074) 632785. ph Church Tel. 624590. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 628543 771331. St. Ephrain Church Tcl. 771751.

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Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Assumciation Tel. 637440. Terranenta Charch Tel: 622366 Charch of the Anamaciation Tel: 623541. Anglican Church Tel. 62:383, Tel. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. 775261. na International Church Tel. 685326.

CHURCHES

Evangelical Latheran Church Tel: 811295.

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Temperatures will be below the annual average and winds will be northwesterly moderate. In Acaba, winds will be northerly moderate ans

Aqaba 25 / 37 Deserts 18 / 34 Jordan Valley 23 / 36 Yesterday's high temperatures: Atoman 30. Aqaba 36. Humidity readings: Antman 44 per cent. Aqaba 28 per USEFUL TELEPHONE

The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 815817, 654932

Al Asema pharmacy
Nairoukh pharmacy Al Salam pharmacy 636730 Yacoub pharmacy 544945 Shmeisani pharmacy 537660 Dr. Abdul Maind Sabahin(-) Min./max. temp Al Sharaa' pharmacy (985238)

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Central Assesse Telephone

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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

AMMAN: Hussen Medical Centre \$13813/32 Khaledi Masterushy, J. Amm ... 640281/6 Akileh Masterushy, J. Amm ... 6504412 Jabal Amman Materniny ... 640362 Malhas, J. Amman .. Shmestam Hospital .. Curversity Hospital Al-Muscher Hospital ... The Islamic, Abdah

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Queen Alia Hospital

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QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

POR THE TRAVELLER

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RI) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (00)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

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Riyadh (asd.) (5v)
Cairo (MS)
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Abu Dhabi, Babrein (GF)
Rose (AZ)
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Paris, Damascus (AF) DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

(Terminal 1) Açaba (RU)
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...... Bahrain (GF)

MARKET PRICES

Women stage sit-in in support of Iraq

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordanian women Thursday expressed their full support for Iraqi women and children and denounced the war of starvation launched by the United States against the Iraqi

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The women, who staged a sit-in at King Abdullah's Mosque Thursday in response to a call by the General Federation of Jordanian Women, called for boycotting all goods produced by America, Britain and all the countries who sent forces to the region.

In a communique, issued at the end of the sit-in, the women expressed their resolve to adopt ansterity measures and to do without all forms of luxuries, to undergo civil defence training and to inculcate the moral values and the spirit of martyrdom in defence of the homeland, in their

They also appealed to all Jordanians to enroll in the People's Army to receive the necessary training that would enable them to defend the homeland. Concluding their communique, the women called for an end to the inhuman war of starvation against the Iraqi people and voiced their rejection of the presence of foreign forces in the Arab region.

The federation's President Mahdieh Al Zmeili called on all Jordanians to extend every possible help to the evacuees and to help them overcome their plight.

In Madaba the Islamists organised a public rally to voice support for Iraq. Addressing the rally were the Lower House of Parliament members Ahmad Quteish, Abdul Minim Abu Zant and Hamzeh Mansour and the

mayors of Madaba and Imleih. Speakers underlined the dangers encountered by the Arab and Muslim nations and called on the Jordanian people to equip themselves to counter the challenges and threats currently facing the

They praised the honourable stand of His Majesty King Hussein and paid tribute to his efforts to find a pan-Arab solution to the Gulf crisis. They also called for providing support for Iraq to help it foil the economic blockade imposed by the foreign countries.

Crown Prince visits Ruweished. stresses Jordan's need for aid

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. the Regent, Thursday visited Ruweished, where thousands of evacuees are living in two camps, especially set up there to accommodate the increasing number of evacuees from Iraq

In a statement_to Radio Jordan (Arabic service), Prince Hassan said that the two camps could accommodate only 25,000 transient people, while many others live in the streets.

Prince Hassan said that 20,000 people cross the border point at Ruweished every day and that the majority do not have the means to leave to their respective coun-

"If the situation persists as it is, and if the first cry of the armed conflict is to be heard in the region, the problem will further deteriorate, and by then we will be talking about millions rather than thousands of evacuees," Prince Hassan said.

He said that contacts were under way between the governments of Jordan and the respec-

tive governments of the evacuees who came from Bangladesh, Intives of a number of U.N. agendia, the Philippines, Sri Lanka, Pakistan and other countries.

Prince Hassan called on the governments who had pledged at the United Nations to provide support and relief assistance to Jordan to do so. The Crown Prince said he made the necessary contacts with the U.N. secretary general to ensure their repatria-

Prince Hassan warned of another refugee problem, saying that Jordan had warned always lived this problem and does not want to see it happen again.

Also Thursday Prince Hassan appealed to the international community to provide urgent assistance to Jordan to enable it to cope with the immense task of accommodating and feeding thousands of Arab and foreign nationals arriving in Jordan from Iraq and Kuwait.

The appeal was issued after an emergency meeting held at the Royal Court and attended by ministers and directors of several departments concerned with the

cies operating in Jordan.

In his appeal, the Regent said that Jordan now hosts nearly 70,000 evacuees, of 25 per cent of whom are women and children. He said that tens of thousnads of evacuees were expected to cross into Jordan from Iraq through Ruweished border point.

"The situation is becoming extremely serious with regard to accommodation and transportation of these evacuees," the Crown Prince said. He added that Jordan was particularly in need of tents, blankets, food and medical supplies as well as qualified volunteers to provide medical assistance to the evacuees.

He said that volunteers were needed to distribute food supplies and offer other services to evacuees at the various camps and gatherings.

The Jordanian government, the Regent said, is planning to set up a new gathering centre at Azraq northeast of Amman to cope with the influx of expatriates coming to Jordan.

for common

AMMAN (Petra) — Lower House of Parliament Deputy Hussein Mjalli returned home Friday after taking part in a con-ference held in Libya to discuss the situation in the Arab Gulf

attended by 300 Arab personalities, affirmed that "the challenge the Arab Nation is facing in the Arab Gulf region is an American plot against all the Arab World. not only against one Arab country.

World was still possible.

found it necessary to hold an extraordinary summit to be attended by Iraq, Syria and Jordan to reformulate relations among the three Arab states and to confront the current crisis in the Gulf region.

"The conference affirmed that ty," Mjalli said.

Kuwait embassy says solution for Gulf. exists

flict.

"Some are talking about an Arab solution to Iraq's invasion of Kuwait. We ask them what they mean by an Arab solution," said an embassy statement —

The embassy statement said: We regard any move outside the concepts adopted by Arab, Islamic and international legitimacy

Under the patronage of

H.E. the Minister of Tourism and Antiquities - the Department of Antiquities, has the pleasure to invite the public to visit the archaeological exhibition entitled

"All Lajjun - A Roman Frontier Fort"

Carolina. Starting on Sept. 3 till Sept. 15, 1990 at the Registration and Research Centre - Department of Antiquities / Jabal

The exhibition will open daily from 9 a.m. - 1 p.m. / 4-7 p.m. for group and school visits please call 644482 / Mrs.

Regent receives Iraqi, **Filipino foreign ministers**

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Friday received Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz and wished him success in his talks with the United Nations Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar.

Aziz arrived in Amman Thursday for talks with Perez de Cuellar on the Gulf crisis. In an arrival statement, Aziz said he had come to Amman for a meeting with the U.N. Secretary General, in response to his request. The audience was attended by

Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem, Abdullah Al Anbari, the Iraqi permanent representative to the United Nations, the Iraqi Director of International Organisations Riyadh Al Qaisi and the Iraqi Ambassador to Jordan Nouri Ismail Alwis.

Also Friday, Prince Hassan received the Philippine Foreign Minister who delivered him a message from President Corazon Aguino addressed to His Majesty King Hussein.

President Aquino voiced her appreciation to King Hussein for Perez de Cuellar and wished him his honourable stand and for the success in his mission.

life in Jordan, including 14 mem-

bers of the Lower House of Par-

liament, Thursday called on Un-

ited Nations Secretary-General

Javier Perez de Cuellar, who is

currently in Amman, to arrange

for implementing the provision of

all United Nations Security

Council resolutions issued since

In a memorandum signed by

thousands of Jordanian citizens,

the signatories said that the im-

plementation of the United Na-

tions Security Council resolu-

tions, in their chronological

order, is capable of solving all

regional disputes all over the

They said that selective ap-

plication of the Security Council

resolutions and the dominance of

good care accorded to Filipinos arriving in Jordan from Kuwait and Iraq.

Prince Hassan and the guest discussed Jordan's role in providing assistance and care to evacuees from Iraq and Kuwait. The visiting minister thanked

Jordan for its humanitarian assistance and its efforts to meet the basic needs of evacuees, and lauded the unique role-Jordan is playing to contain the Gulf crisis. The minister said he would make every possible effort to

pine nationals. Prince Hassan stressed that any conflict in the region would expose it to dangers and tragedies, and called for intensifying efforts

ensure the repatriation of Philip-

for establishing peace. The Crown Prince reiterated Jordan's position, calling for dialogue and negotiations for solving the conflict.

The audience was attended by Deputy Prime Minister and Fore-ign Minister Marwa Al Qasem. On Thursday Prince Hassan met with U.N. Secretary-General

Jordanians urge U.N. to apply

The signatories called on the

U.N. to be fully aware of its

status and to live up to its respon-

sibilities in defending the future

of peace and safeguarding its own

existence. They voiced hope that

right will triumph in the end, and

They called on the superpow-

ers, the symbols of power in the

world, to be advocates for the

right, justice and peace rather

than tools for oppression and

In another development, the

Islamist Bloc at the Lower House

of Parliament warned of the out-

break of a devastating war in the

region and called for finding a

peaceful solution to the crisis, to

enable all people to live peaceful-

ly and safely. The bloc warned of

humiliation of the people.

that peace will prevail.

resolutions indiscriminately

AMMAN (Petra) — Representa- solutions, was the prevailing

powers, who have special in- the grave dangers of foreign in-

terests in implementing the re- tervention in the region. It said

tives of people from all walks of practice at the U.N.

The Philippine foreign minister who arrived in Amman Friday for a short working visit left the Kingdom Friday.

Peace should be given a chance

In an interview conducted by U.S. civil rights leader Jesse Jackson, for a television syndicate, the Crown Prince said Iraqi President Saddam Hussein was ready for negotiations and that His Majesty King Hussein was trying hard to end escalation to prevent a destructive war in the

Prince Hassan referred to the impressions of the Indian foreign minister and the Austrian president, who visited Baghdad recently, and said they show that the Iraqi leader was ready for negotiations.

Prince Hassan said that U.N. Secretary-General Perez de Cuellar would not visit the region if he did not believe there was a chance for peace. He said power was diplomacy and this made King Hussein struggle to prevent a possible war. The Crown Prince added "we should give peace this

that the Security Council resolu-

tion 665 called for applying the

minimum sanctions or measures

against Iraq and it was assumed

that the U.N. rather than the

U.S. was to have the final say on

how to apply these measures.

The bloc voiced earnest hope

that the U.N., through its secret-

ary-general, will apply one stan-dard to all people, be it the Palestinian people, the Lebanese

The Islamists wished Perez de

Cuellar success in his efforts to

find a solution to the Gulf crisis.

The bloc noted that the Gulf

crisis was an inter-Arab and Isla-

mic affair, and thus should be

solved within the Arab and Isla-

foreign forces in the region would

further aggravate the situation in

the region and will add fuel to the

fire rather than help extinguish it.

They said that the stationing of

people or any other.

mic framework.

Women appeal to U.N. secretary-general for peaceful solution to the Gulf crisis

By Serene Halasa Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — A letter of appeal tied with a ribbon in the colours of the Jordanian flag and an olive branch was handed on Friday to the United Nations Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar, who is visiting Jordan in order to hold talks with Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz. The letter of appeal was written by the same group of Jordanian women volunteers who marched on Thursday Aug. 23, in support of His Majesty King Hussein.

The following is the full text of the letter of appeal:
"To: His Excellency Javier Perez de Cuellar, secretary general of the United Nations. From: the women of Jordan. Your Excellency,

We, the undersigned, are a group of Jordanian women representing a large cross-secon to double standards? Why did the tion of Jordanian society. We are mothers, sisters, wives, daughters who decided to write to you this appeal on the occasion of your visit to our country. We know you to be an honourable man, a citizen of the world, an international statesman who dedicated his life to serve humanity through creating conditions for justice, freedom and peace to prevail. We also know of your commit-ment to the Charter of the United Nations and appreciate your ceaseless efforts to uphold its lofty principles. We humbly request that you accept this appeal in the same spirit it

By Abdullah Hasanat

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Austria is deeply

moved by Jordan's efforts to find a peaceful settlement for the Guif crisis and the help the country extended during President Kurt Waldheim's visit

which led to the subsequent

release of Austrians detained

in Iraq, the Austrian ambassa-

was written in. Your Excellency,

You are well aware that our region is passing through the worst crisis in its modern history. We are not politicians, we do not understand the political machinations of governments and states. We are only concerned with the fate of the children in the Arab World who are the hope of the future. We submit that the sanctions, the embargo and the naval blockade imposed against Iraq by the Security Council will lead to untold suffering by the children of Iraq. Is it fair or just or humane to deprive children of their daily milk? Is it necessary to make the innocent women and children of Iraq pay for what the Security Council perceives to be illegal actions on the part of the Iraqi government? Do two wrongs make a right? And why the Security Council not act with

Heights? Or when Israel raped Lebanon? Or when it annexed the Holy City of Jerusalem? We, as representatives of the Jordanian women, feel that we and our children are being persecuted. We are being denied our inalienable right to live in peace and security. Our country is being forced to make sacrifices it cannot bear under the flimsy premise of accepting mandatory Security Council resolutions. Our national economy, our indus-

dor to Jordan, Dr. Franz Pernegger, said Friday. In an interview with the Jor-

dan Times, Ambassador Pernegger said: "There is a great sympathy and esteem in

my country for the role of His Majesty King Hussein in giving every possible assistance to the

primarily humanitarian initia-tive of President Kurt Wal-

Last Friday (Aug. 24) Presi-

Austria values Jordan's efforts — envoy

such speed and decisiveness

when Israel occupied the West

Bank, Gaza, and the Golan

try, agricultural and transportation sectors are organicaltied to Iraq. Without the Íraqi market our factories will close down; our agricultural produce will be reduced and our transportation sector will

be totally devastated. Our husbands will be unemployed and our sons will suffer the consequences. Is it fair to make Jordan pay for enforcing the embargo against Iraq? Or be threatened by a similar embargo? Is this in keeping with the spirit of the United Nations Charter? Your Excellency, The scourge of war is what

womes us most. The massive buildup of foreign forces in the Gulf region is creating a war avsteria. We need an immediate deescalation of the crisis. All efforts must be extended to avert war before one can start to discuss formulas for settling the crisis. Jordan, under the leadership of His Majesty King Hussein, is a moderate, peace loving country. We have al-ways been the voice of reason and sobriety in our region. We have always upheld the princi-ples of the United Nations Charter and advocated the settlement of disputes by peaceful means through negotiations and dialogue. You, Mr. secretary general, are a man of peace. We humbly urge you to do all you can to halt the rapid deterioration of the situation towards armed conflict; to commence a dialogue between

peoples of Iraq and Jordan by freezing the embargo so that negotiations can be conducted in an atmosphere of goodwill; and to cooperate closely with His Majesty King Hussein to arrive at an acceptable and peaceful resolution of the Your Excellency,

The olive tree is a blessed tree indigenous to Jordan and the Middle East. The olive branch symbolises peace. We beseech you to take the olive branch we are extending to you and carry it back with you to the Security Council and its permanent members. We pray for your continued good health and success in your noble endeavours.

Peace be unto you, and the mercy and blessings of the

Almighty God."

The letter was signed by representatives of Jordanian women which included: Jan-nette Al Mufti, Leila Madi, Ghida'a Al Saudi, Lella Kha lifeh. Bara'a Faroun, Lamia Judeh, Zein Khalifeh, A'ishali Al Farah, Nazimeh Arafat, Salwa Taher, Adibeh Al 'Qaderi, Hadia Madi, Sawsan Mufleh, Lubna Sabbagh, Nadia Tabaa, Sitta Hadid, Nimra Tannous, Samira Kousus, Randa Mufleh, Wejdan Saket, Fadia Hamzeh, Ghada Kemhawi, Hala Shaqem, Lamia Sati, Hiat Mufleh, Affaf Dajani, Khadijeh Abdul Samad, Shima Tabaa, Abla Kilani, Basma Mufleh, Mounwar Al Nouri, Affaf Baghdadi, Rida Izzadine.

Meeting stresses need Arab stand

Mjalli said participants in the three-day conference, which was

He said the participants be-lieved that a unified Arab stand that can prevent "the American-Zionist" intervention in the Arab

"He said that the conferees

The participants in the conference believe the Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi is the qualified person to bring the summit into being, Mjalli said.

it cannot be accepted to leave the U.S., the first enemy of the Arab Nation, to be the leading party in the crisis under the cover of the Arabs' inability to deal with it, because this cripples the Arab will and humiliates Arab digni-

AMMAN (R) — Kuwait's embassy in Amman launched a thinly-veiled attack Friday on Arab leaders trying to find an Arab solution to the Gulf con-

without naming the Arab states to which it referred.

"We see that what they are trying to do is to confuse the situation and give the invaders time to correct the de facto situation. time to cement the de facto situa-tion in Kuwait," it said.

as unwanted and suspect...

AMMAN (J.T.) — A threemember parliamentary delegation, formed by deputies Laith and that it provided a good Sheilat Mohammed Alaman delegation for the state of diplomatic relations between the two countries. Shbeilat, Mohammad Alawneh and Yacoub Qarrash, returned home Thursday at the end of a visit to Tehran where they met with Iranian officials, including Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati and parliament speaker

In a statement to the Arabic daily Al Ra'i, Shbeilat said the Iranian and Jordanian peoples' called on the Jordanian govern-views on the Gulf crisis were ment to speed up the restoration

views on the Gulf crisis.

opportunity for the exchange of views on the Gulf crisis. He pointed out to the fact that the Iranians are fully aware of the dangers posed by the existence of foreign forces in the region not only to Iraq, but also to the whole Islamic world.

Mahdi Krubi and exchanged Shbeilat said that time was mature for restoring diplomatic ties between Iran and Jordan and

Shbeilat: Iranians remain anti-U.S.

He said that the Iranians had welcomed the initiative of Iraqi President Saddam Hussein to accept .Algiers' agreement and to exchange prisoners of war and that Tehran was looking forward to normalisation of relations with

He said the Iranians were awaiting a visit by the Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz to settle all outstanding issues.

THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY SCHOOL THE BRITISH CURRICULUM SCHOOL IN AMMAN Is now open for registrations for the September Term 1990

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speciality.

None

LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION:

OFFERED:

PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE OF ENGLISH REQUIRED OTHER LANGUAGES

Arabic and French

NATIONALITIES ACCEPTED: TEACHING STAFF:

ENGLISH AS A FOREIGN LANGUAGE:

OTHER SPECIALIST TEACHERS:

SPORTS:

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ENQUIRIES:

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international community. Football; Basketball; Volleyball; Athletics; Gymnas-

tics etc.

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The School is presently accepting registrations for the September term. The school will also be open for registrations everyday in July and August between the hours of 9.00 and 12.00 noon. The new term begins on Sunday 9th September.

P.O. Box 2002 Tel: 841070

WHAT'S GOING ON

dheim.

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

Open studio and workshop for artist Samia Zara displaying paintings, sculptures and hand-painted fabrics. Location: off Zad Circle, opposite Rosenthal (9:30-1:30 and 3:30-6:30).

Drive carefully!

Traffic can be hazardous

dent Waldheim arrived in Jordan and held talks with the King before leaving for Baghdad Saturday morning. The Austrian president held three rounds of talks with Iraqi President Saddam Hussein before returning to Amman with 96 Austrians who used to work in

the parties of the conflict; to

alleviate the suffering of the

Iraq and Kuwait. "The release of Austrian civilians in Iraq and Kuwait was greatly due to the spon-

taneous support we received from the Jordanian author-ities," Dr. Pernegger said. "There is a strong feeling in Austria that coincides with Jordan's view that peace in the region must be given a chance," the ambassador said.
"Austria would certainly be happy if a peaceful settlement could be reached in an Arab context on the basis of Security Council resolutions."

Austria's political leadership is fully aware that the effect of any confrontation in the Gulf would go beyond the region," the ambassador said.

The ambassador quoted an Iraqi embassy official in Vienna as telling the Austrian News Agency (ABA) that Iraq's decision to release Western women and children from Iraq was an indirect consequence of President Waldheim's visit.

During his three meetings with President Saddam Hussein, Waldheim "pleaded for the release of all civilians irrespective of their national-ity," Pernegger said. "He ex-plained that that would be an effective step to deescalate the

President Waldheim, "who

experienced the bitter years of





World War II, was not a mediator," the ambassador said. "He came (to Iraq and Jordan) to listen and to find out possibilities of dialogue."

INVITATION

His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan

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Jordan Times

ين تابعز يومية عربية سياسية مستكلة تصدر بالانطيزية عن المؤسسة السبطية الأرمنية

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'Important step forward'

YESTERDAY'S talks between the U.N. secretary general and the Iraqi foreign minister were off to a good start. The statements the two gentlemen made after their evening meeting, coupled with the agreement to meet again today, are indeed encouraging, given the severity of the circumstances surrounding them and the diversity of their starting points before the talks started.

How confident about the results we can be at this stage, we do not know. But we remain hopeful that the dialogue itself will be the precursor to some positive steps that can be taken to avert war first and foremost.

Upon his arrival in Amman on Thursday, the U.N. secretary general said he had no mandate to renegotiate the terms of the string of U.N. Security Council resolutions on the situation in the Gulf. With all fairness to him, the Security Council resolutions in fact preclude him from entering into negotiations with Iraq on the contents of these resolutions. The only thing left for the U.N. secretary general to do would thus be to discuss the modalities and timing of their implementation with the Iraqi government and report back to the Security Council on these discussions. Accordingly it would have been and remains unrealistic to expect a breakthrough in the U.N.-Iraq talks. At best the talks can explore other options over and above the Security Council resolutions which may include the possibility of adopting an additional Security Council resolution either amplifying the previous ones or even amending them. This is where other chances for peace in the Gulf could lie.

The other "important step forward" that the secretary general mentioned but did not elaborate on might have well been Mr. Aziz's expressed willingness to entertain accepting U.N. resolutions 660 to 665 if earlier Security Council resolutions, concerning the Palestine problem and Lebanon, were to be "discussed" and "put on the table" as well.

Iraq, as is well known, has taken a couple of peace initiatives before in which it expressed its readiness to withdraw from Kuwait provided that the withdrawal came within the context of an Arab solution and if Israel would withdraw from the occupied territories. In the two initiatives. President Saddam Hussein called for an international conference to discuss the proposed withdrawals, but unfortunately the world misunderstood him again for thinking that he was calling on Israel to withdraw from Arab territories and Syria from Lebanon before he would actually pull out his troops from Kuwait. Mr. Aziz's statement yesterday should hopefully then clear the air of any further misunderstanding or misconception of the true Iraqi position on the question of withdrawal from Kuwait.

It is true that Resolution 660 demanded the unconditional pullout by Iraq of its forces from Kuwait. But it is equally significant that Perez de Cuellar emerged from the meeting yesterday encouraged by what he had heard from the Iraqi foreign minister, who in his statement to the press did not reject any U.N. resolution out of hand. The point would not have been lost on an experienced and able diplomat, as Mr. Perez de Cuellar, for him to describe the talks as "important step forward."

Contrary to what is being said or heard publicly, some important visitors to Baghdad recently described the Iraqi position as "open" to any and all ideas on the final status of Kuwait. Such concepts and proposals as the U.N. secretary general can come up with soon may therefore be welcome by the Iraqis. If all concerned can work together to reduce the chances of war breaking out soon, the chances will be greatly improved that a sattlement can be found to everybody's satisfaction.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARIES

Al Ra'i Arabic daily on Friday called on the United States to listen to reason and give a chance to the diplomatic efforts being launched by His Majesty King Hussein and U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar. The paper said that Washington should not listen to Henry Kissinger the enemy of peace, the Arabs and Islam and the architect of all the conspiracies against the Arab people. The paper was referring to Kissinger's call on the U.S. administration to ignore the question of foreign nationals and their wives and children, and to go ahead with plans to launch aggression on Iraq regardless of the consequences. Although an American citizen, Kissinger has always placed Israel's interests above those of the United States whose nationals are of no meaning to him as long as Israel's aims and ambitious objectives are achieved, said the paper. What Kissinger demands is a clear manifestation of his racist ideas and hatred to everything which is not Jewish or Zionist as he is indifferent to the loss of thousands of Arab and foreign nationals in the deserts of Arabia, and also the destruction of the Arab oil wealth as long as Israel's interests are safeguarded, the paper added. It said that Kissinger wrongly believe that Israel will come out safe and sound from a conflict in the Gulf and that Zionism will come out victorious. Kissinger's advice to Washington to launch the aggression, the paper added, has clearly exposed Zionism's evil to the whole world.

Al Dustour daily on Friday commended the government's moves to issue ration cards and rationalise consumption of food supplies. describing it as a positive step to enhance the Jordanian people's steadfastness in the face of any eventuality. The paper said that Jordan is probably paying the price of the Gulf crisis and is now feeling the effects of the embargo imposed on Iraq and at the same time resisting pressure to change its position with regard to the crisis. Rationing of food, the paper said, is one way of controlling consumption and a show of solidarity among the members of the Jordanian family in the face of this crucial moment and in an attempt to overcome the current hardship.

VIEW FROM AMMAN

Jordan and the 1990 Gulf crisis

WE are not yet over the 1990 Gulf crisis. The tension remains high though it has moved to another level. It remains to be seen how the efforts of His Majesty King Hussein, United Nations Secretary General Javier Perez De Cuellar, and others bear fruit. It is hoped that the lull, your heart. the breathing spell now, for that is what it is, would be a long one, thus allowing more time and space for the peace efforts to continue, or just the

I had the chance to meet with scores of mass media people, mainly from the Western must admit that I was shocked at how they viewed the situation and not only vis-a-vis Jordan and their misinterpretation of its position and motives, but almost everything dealing with the crisis. Though Jordan has repeated time and again that it is calling for withdrawal of Iraqi forces and the restoration

of legitimacy to Kuwait, a stand not dissimilar to what the

calm that usually precedes the

West was advocating — it was hornibly attacked and villified in the Western media. That villification was caused by Jordan's advocacy of allowing time for negotiations to commence; that it is impossible to negotiate, or to think clearly it was impossible to think while a bayonet was stuck close to

For, while Jordan agrees in principles with all United Nations resolutions regarding the crisis, it simply advocated a different, more rational

As things turned out thus far. Jordan's approach has been vindicated. All along Jordan, kept repeating time and again that the further isolation of Iraq would tend to further radicalise it and that the solution must be principally an Arab and certainly a negotiated non-military one. While almost everyone else was overheated and seemed determined to do exactly the wrong thing at the wrong time, only our Jordanian leadership kept its

cool. It needs to be registered most emphatically, that Jordan's treatment, and especially the position of King Hussein, by the Western mass media, was not only most unjust, and in some cases even downright rude and unprofessional, but also often exceedingly superfi-

Among the many surprises and shocks that this crisis has uncovered is the thinly veiled Western hatred of the Arabs. The merits of the situation, whether right or wrong did not seem to matter. What seemed to matter most, was that the occasion provided further opportunity to expand the ubiquitous Arab-hate campaign. Whether radical or moderate, friend or foe, all Arabs are ultimately treated the same. It was shocking to discover that in Western eyes, the only good Arab is a dead one, which leaves us with the question of how to deal with the West, especially when the dust of this crisis settles and it too becomes part of history.

portant to commence immediately searching for ways and means whereby we can communicate with the West. The mass media, in its instant expertise, black and white approach and simplified, sometimes even simplest analyses has been cause for further estrangement between East and West. Partly because some deliberately misunderstand or refuse to see or hear, and partly because of our often irrational and contradictory behaviour. Mostly, however, it is because of the media's penchant to insist that, "anyone who is not with me totally is surely against me"! Curious behaviour to say the least, especially as it comes from Westerners who are supposedly liberal. If liberal, means

It is important, vitally im-

It would have been the easiest thing for Jordan to sit on its hands and do nothing. Or alternatively to simply ac-

anything, it is that one allows

for another point of view to be

expressed without prior judg-

took the characteristic honourable and courageous step of attempting to mediate the situation and for that the vili-

fication campaign.

And what of the attitude towards the Iraci role in the crisis? Again, this is not in defence of Iraq; which incidentally, it does not need from me, but to simply ask the question: Why has all the overtures by President Saddam to negotiate, been turned down off handedly? Why cannot the West sit down and prove to itself if not to the rest of the world that this is only Iraqi theatrics? If it really is as the West claims, Saddam's visit to the British families was termed in the Western media a cruel travesty of theatrics and his release of the women and children of the foreign families Machiavellian. Amazing how things get twisted around so that the simple humanitarian gesture is portrayed as a monstrous travesty playing on human emotions. Would it have been better not to show the

families on television screens? Would it have been better, not to release the children and the women? Would it have been better had Jordan not played a role in all this?

The West must stop and think not only of its own grudges, or aches and pains. but of the intense terror to which we have been subjected. and not only in the past month, but throughout this century. The spectre of eleven fleets armed to the teeth in the Gulf. stealth and not so stealth bombers, nuclear and chemical weapons... etc! was a frightful one. We need to remove the barriers that cause the continuing mistrust, misunderstanding even hatred. For should this crisis be somehow overcome, another would soon erupt. That is why the prob-lems of the region should be viewed together and that is why the Palestine problem, mother of all problems, in the region should be addressed.

And finally, the West owes Jordan an apology.

Europe's support of U.S. against Baghdad is fragmented, shy

By Lyndsay Griffiths

WASHINGTON — The Western allies are rallying round the military might of the United States under the threat of war in the Gulf but analysts say Europe's support is neither unified nor

"In the case of crisis, an alliance always draws closer. If the situation grows more relaxed, people will follow their own special ideas and grow apart again." said George Stambuk, a European expert at George Washington University. Since Iraq invaded Kuwait on

Aug. 2, Washington has led a buge multi-national effort - both diplomatic and military - to oust Iraq and restore the Kuwaiti emir to power.
"The common interests are

coming out. But there are differsaid Stambuk. "The Americans have perhaps gone a little faster than the Europeans would have liked."

There are about 100,000 U.S. troops in or headed to the Gulf, backed by smaller European and Arab forces.

But that support for the U.S. may vanish if there is no successful action soon." Stambuk pre-

And while European conde-mation of Iraq's invasion has been universal, the Nations have not reacted in concert. Some have sent warships, planes or troops to the Gulf, others have sent nothing. Some

have voiced doubts about the vast U.S. buildup, others have backed Washington all the way. The European newspaper in Paris noted the continent was both timid and divided, cowering

behind the might of the United

'Once again European has hidden behind superpower America, leaving President (Goerge) Bush to make the big decisions while its component nations simply reverted to their historical national selves," the newspaper said.

embassy said it was logical for West European nations to huddle round the United States rather than draw closer together.

"America now is the one superpower in the world. It's only natural it should have some leadership role," said the official who did not want to be named.

"But it would be very wrong to look at the crisis as America against Iraq. We're all in this," he

John Steinbruner of the Brookings Institution said the crisis had acted as a bond for Western allies amid a fast-changing Europe. This episode has solidified

and encouraged cooperation (between Europe and the United States) more than we realise." he said. "And the European support was critical for encouraging Soviet cooperation. But he cannoned Europe could

back off - albeit quietly - if: Washington grew impatient with

"European reaction is going to

be very strong on keeping the military objective very narrowly defined to defending Saudi Arasaid Steinbruner. "For freeing the hostages and getting Iraq out of Kuwait, they want to depend on sanctions.

Any U.S. attempt to destabilise Iraqi President Saddam Hussein would be frowned on as dirty tactics by Europe, just as a premature military strike by Washington could also alienate European

With a hammer in your hand, you're always tempted to go pound something," said Stein-bruner. "But Europe would quietly and wisely bank at that."

Expressing this consensus, the European newspaper said: "The United States decided to call into action that vast military machine we all know too well. Other countries are shyly

joining in," it said. "An act of courage, certainly — if it works. If it does not, it will be remembered as any act of foolhardi-

'We are facing a crisis of a world gone mad' King Hussein of Jordan August 1990

The following letter was made available to the Jordan Times by the Basira-Insight group which is an organisation founded in Jordan in 1982 by American and Western women living in the Kingdom to promote understanding and awareness of the Middle East. The letter was addressed to the mamembers of the Congress in the United States and Parliament members in the United Kingdom.

THIS is an appeal to you to do your utmost to search for a diplomatic solution to the explosive situation that exists in the Middle East. We echo King Hussein's feelings as we watch with disbelief the terrifying chain of events bringing us to the brink of

The lightning military response by the U.S. and its allies to Iraq's invasion of Kuwait pre-empted substantial diplomatic negotiations and circumvented other possible solutions. This military reaction resulted in Iraq's holding of foreign nationals against their will and the forced closure of diplomatic missions in Kuwait. We neither condone these actions, nor Iraq's initial ransgression, the acquisition of territory by force.

From the onset of this crisis Jordan has come under increasing pressure to comply with the Security Council's resolution on sanctions against Iraq. It is very easy for wealthy industrial nations to insist that others follow this implementation, but for the following reasons, to name only a few, it is very difficult for a country such as Jordan, to do so:

nomy is already under strain, is catastrophic. As best determined. Jordan stands to lose 48 per cent of its GNP due to loss of trade

2. The present state of economy makes it difficult for Jordan to provide for its own needs, much less the needs of thousands of refugees arriving from Iraq.

was estimated to be 20 per cent. The possible influx of up to 300,000 expatriates returning without jobs will bring the unemployment figures to unacceptable proportions.

4. The recent democratisation in Jordan has encouraged new freedoms of expression by the population. As in all democracies. these opinions cannot be ignored.

5. The increased instability in the region makes it necessary for Jordan to be more vigilant towards the territorial ambitions of its

Should the United States and its allies resort to military force. short-term goals might be satisfied, but the forces unleashed by this action could precipitate a scenario we dare not imagine. The highest priority must be given to Arab and international diploma-tic efforts to defuse this crisis. We ask you, our elected representatives, to halt military escalation and support all

Bassira-Insight P.O. Box 6367 Amman, Jordan

Singapore wants to be like Switzerland not Kuwait for Goh to raise doubts about the sincerity of other countries when lived in "a friendly neighbour-By Jose Katigbak attacked it. "There is a lesson in the Iraqi

SINGAPORE — Iraq's takeover of Kuwait has strengthened Singapore's conviction that it must be strong to deter potential aggres-"If Kuwait had been better

prepared and managed to keep the Iraqi troops at bay for some time, other countries could have come to its assistance. We should always remember the Chinese saying 'in peace, prepare for dis-aster'," politicain Lau Ping Sun told constituents.

Defence analysts said the swift fall of Kuwait vindicated Singapore's 'ttotal defence," strategy which required everyone to be prepared to face an emergency. About 250,000 reservists, a tenth of the population, can be called to arms in six hours.

A foreign defence attache said Singapore's military muscle had transformed it into a "poisoned pawn," meaning potential aggressors would pay a high price if they

invasion of Kuwait for us." First Deputy Prime Minister Goh Chock Tong said shortly after Iraci troops stormed into Kuwait on Aug. 2. He said Singaporeans should

take military service seriously and not press for their two-and-a-half year's service, mandatory for all males, to be reduced.

Military and civil defence exercises are a way of life in Singa-

Officials say they need to educate people on the importance of being prepared because almost three quarters of the 2.6 million population were born after World War II and many have known nothing but affluence and peace. But Goh's remark that Singa-

pore should not allow itself to become like Kuwait, wealthy but unable to defend itself, drew sharp responses from newspapers in neighbouring Malaysia and In-

talking of Singapore's security. "Is there anyone of the leaders

of Singapore's neighbours who is feared to be a possible Saddam Hussein?" asked an editorial in the Malaysian newspaper Berita Harian.

Harakah, a twice-weekly publication of the pan-Islamic party of Malaysia, said in an article reprinted in the Straits Times on Aug. 18: "It is a fact that even if a Saddam Hussein were to emerge in this region he would not dare attack Singapore, given its

strength." "Singapore claims its strength is defensive for fear the Malaysian or Indonesian governments

"But what if Singapore were governed by a Saddam Hussein? Then the security of Malaysia and Indonesia would be threatened." Goh, who takes over from They said it was inappropriate Prime Minister Lee Kuan Yew its neighbours," he said.

hood," but cautioned that threats could come unexpectedly from "When we can take care of

ourselves, we also contribute to regional stability," he said. adding that all countries in the region were actively cooperating to make the neighbourhood more stable and prosperous. other ministers said the Iraci invasion of Kuwait showed coun-

tries could not rely on friendship alone to ensure peace. Communications and Information Minister Yeo Ning Hong said the fastest way to make enemies and invite invasion was to gener-

migh fall into the hands of a group that might attack Singapore," it added.

atte wealth and ignore defence. Foreign Minister Wong Kan Seng Said in a speech: "Singapore does not want to suffer the fate of Kuwait. Nor does it want to be like Israel.

"Singapore wants to be like Switzerland living in peace with

Meeting wants Iraq to quit Kuwait

Baghdad or try to close them. They refused to recognise Baghdad's "annexation" of Kuwait and its naming the emirate Iraq's 19th province.

— They said Iraq should pay Kuwait for damage caused by the invasion and subsequent losses.

— They said the security of Kuwaiti assets inside Kuwait, such as funds in the central bank should be

the central bank, should be guaran-The ministers also reiterated a cague summit call for the return of the ousted Al Sabah family to power

and emphasised that any Arab solution to the crisis should have an Arab League mandate, the conference They issued a general statement

maplying backing for the right of Gulf Arab states to defend themselves by ecking help. The sources said this upheld the league's majority decision that Arab

ntries could send troops to "defend" Saudi Arabia against any Iraqi Egypt, Syria and Morocco have sent contingents to Saudi Arabia, where a U.S.-led military force has

also assembled. The sources said the demand that Baghdad pay for damage caused dur-ing the fighting and later disruption, particularly to oil production, came from Guif Cooperation Council com-

These are Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Qatar,

meeting that the hard stand - raising the issue of war reparation — showed the new face of the Arab League.

"We are a majority," he said, dismissing the non-attendance by Iraq, the PLO, Algeria, Tunisia, Yemen, Mauritania and Jordan. The ministers unanimously decided

to hold another meeting on Sept. 10 in Cairo, league officials said.

The decision appeared a preemptive strike against Iraq and others, meeting undercutting a scheduled meeting due to be held in Tunis in September.

Conference sources said earlier

many of the 13 ministers feared a meeting hosted by Tunnis would provide Iraq with a forum to push its case ahead of the United Nations General Assembly meeting.

The league blueprint appeared to contain to structure for enticing Iraq into a peace settlement, bearing out pessimism expressed by U.S. President George Bush about any quick mediated appearance of the crief. mediated resolution of the crisis.

The resolutions underscored the Arab League's inability to come up with a viable diplomatic solution to the crisis. They partly echoed resolu-tions passed at the emergency Arab summit held in Cairo Aug. 10.
In addition to condemning Iraq, 12

Arab countries at the summit agreed to send Arab troops to Sandi Arabia. It is those same 12 states, in addition to Libya, who accepted Egypt's invitation for the emergency council meeting which reviewed a report from Secretary-General Chedit Khin on how the summit resolutions were carried out.

On Thursday, Klibi told reporters that the ministers had reviewed reports on efforts by some Arms to defuse the crisis.

By Francois Raitherger Reuter

spending, coupled with fears of a recession and higher interest rates, will hit the world's poorest nations hardest just at the time they had been expecting an aid windfall from money diverted from defence due to easing East-

West tension. All of them are oil importers, highly dependent on foreign aid and unable to react quickly to an

economic upheaval.
"The Gulf crisis will widen the gap," said Yves Berthelot, Deputy Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on

Trade and Development.

Delegates also fear the Gulf crisis will overshadow the conference. a unique opportunity for nations socked down into poverty grievances.

Mohiuddin, representative of Bangladesh, the biggest of the 41 states on the list of the world's

poorest countries. Some 150 countries will attend

led only to trustrated hopes. Many rich countries failed to meet the aid target set at 0.15 per meeting. French President Francent of their gross national product. The world's two biggest economies, the United States and Japan, fell far behind and the average only reached 0.09 per

During the nine years, the number of Least Developed Countries (LDCs) rose from 29 to Secretary General Javier Perez

of world trade shrank, and their foreign debt nearly doubled to \$69 billion.

an average annual moome of \$227 per head, each person can save only seven dollars a year.

Average life expectancy is 48

inaugurate the conference. U.N. de Cuellar is also due to attend on his return from his Middle East

aims for the next decade. A draft final resolution left

open whether the aid target should remain at 0.15 per cent of donors' GNP or be raised to 0.20 per cent to double the actual

1. The order to uphold U.N. sanctions, when Jordan's eco-

diplomatic efforts to resolve this crisis.

Gulf crisis hits poor countries' hopes for aid

PARIS - The Gulf crisis and rising oil prices loom large over a United Nations conference opening on Monday to seek ways of helping the world's poorest countries out of grinding misery.

Surging oil prices and military

The amount of aid available from rich countries could shrink as the United States asks allies to help bear the huge cost of its military buildup in the Gulf and give billions of dollars in aid to nations hurt by a U.N. trade embargo against Iraq and its Aug. 2 takeover of Kuwait.

to highlight their plight and air "I pray for the crisis" impact to be minimal." said A.G.H.

the U.N. conference on the least developed countries, the second

in nine years, to assess aid plans

in the past decade and set targets

for the next one.

41, most of them in central Their populations grew faster peace mission. than their economies, their share

Statistics tell of misery for the LDCs' 420 million people. With

Experts say the first meeting years compared with 73 in developed countries. in a preliminary message to the

> cois Mitterrand said the rich countries could "not leave the people of the south in need and despair when winds of freedom blow almost everywhere." Mitterrand, a strong supporter of Third World aid, is due to

> But as experts hastily tried to assess the effects of the Gulf crisis, differences remained on

> > Oman and Bahrain.
> > One Arab diplomat said after the

Brotherhood stages anti-U.S. protest

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

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MAHATTA — The Jordanian capital Friday witnessed the fiercest outburst yet of anti-American sentiments fuelled by Washington's military deployment in the Gulf with calls on Iraqi President Saddam Hussein to declare a holy war against the United States and Israel.

During the largest political rally held todate in the capital, about 15,000 people expressed their strong opposition to foreign intervention in the region and their willingness to fight alongisde Iraq if threatened by Western military forces.

During the rally, organised by the Muslim Brotherhood,

participants chanted anti-American slogans and burned the American flag in this working class suburb of Amman.

In an emotionally charged atmosphere further highlighted the presence of thousands of women, leaders of the Brotherhood, which holds 22 seats in the 80-member Lower House of Parliament, reiterated calls made by Islamic leaders in Jordan over the last four weeks on Muslims of the world to unite against the "invasion of the holy land by non-Muslim Western troops.

Thousands of scarved women and children in green headbands participated in the rally and echoed the call of their leaders to Saddam to

"declare a holy war." The holy war, speakers said, "would of course include Israel as well as enemies of Islam."

Speakers, who included fiery Lower House Deputy Sheikh Abdul Minem Abu Zant and Brotherhood spokesman Ziad Abu Ghanimeh, called for an immedate withdrawal of all foreign troops from

Abu Zant, a maverick member of the Brotherhood, called the U.N. Security Council a "council of destruction" for endorsing international sanctions against Iraq.

With harshly worded slogans against what they described as "occupation troops" in Saudi Arabia which houses Mecca and Medina, speakers

Bush

"It's so hard to answer that ques-

"It's very hard to predict ... but I

tion because of the unpredictable nature of Saddam Hussein himself."

think the answer is to have the forces in place to be ready," he added. "I don't know what is in this man's

The Bush administration could cite

alleged violations to justify any milit-

ary action against Iraq, according to administration sources quoted by the

The administration also might make the "capture" of Saddam Hussein and his key advisers for "trial" one of the objectives of the U.S. buildup in the Gulf, officials told the

"Some (legal) action has to be taken, both because we have a right

to bring him to justice and to deter him from further violations," said an

administration official, who spoke on

administration official, who spoke out condition of anonymity.

In the short term, administration officials said the preparation of charges was intended to deter Sad-dam from taking further action against thousands of Westerners in

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questioned the record of the U.N. in efforts to implement Security Council resolutions on the Palestinian problem and asked what the world body had done to end the Arab-Israeli conflict. Speakers also called on the Jordanian government to arm all Jordanians in preparation against any attack by outside forces.

Bitter attack against the U.S. and the burning of American, Israeli and sometimes British flags have become more frequent as anti-foreignintervention and pro-Iraq rallies have continued to draw large crowds in Jordan recent

Although Friday's rally was attended by over 15,000 people, it was not clear whether all

of them were direct supporters of the Muslim Brotherhood as a political group or were motivated by the pan-Arab senti-ments sparked by Iraq's open defiance of the United States and the West. During several past railies, it appeared that over half the attendance participants espoused Arab nationalistic sentiments than any outright support for the Muslim Brotherhood.

The Brotherbood has also participated in rallies orgamised by other blocs such as the Baathists and leftistorientd groups but always been careful to emphasise that Brotherhood members were participating in their individual capacity rather than as a political group.



A scene from Friday's rally at Mahatta (Photo by Yousef Al 'Allan)

'Important step forward'

ments."

told the paper.

(Continued from page 1)

private session, which the secretary general described as "useful."
"We had a useful discussion during which we discussed all aspects of the present situation," he told reporters.

"We are convinced these meetings are useful and important. That is why we are con-

tinuing...," he added.

Perez de Cuellar, in an arrival
statement Thursday, said he was not coming here to negotiate but to exchange views with Aziz. He said he had to come to find out whether Iraq would comply with Security Council resolutions demanding Baghdad withdraw from Kuwait and release all foreigners.

"I cannot make concessions or negotiate resolutions adopted by the Security Council," Perez de Cuellar told reporters at the Mar-ka military airport. "These are not my resolutions to negotiate." Aziz gave no hint of compromise and issued a strong statement

when he arrived in Amman. The Arab Nation will achieve its goals despite the world conspiracy and challenges awaiting it. Our fight is historic. We should wage it with honour. Victory, God willing, will belong to the Arab Nation," Aziz told re-

He told Jordan Television he would discuss all aspects of the Gulf crisis during his talks with

the secretary general.
"I am optimistic about the future of the Arab-Nation. I am here to listen to Mr. Perez de Cuellar. I won't make any com- Saudis want to feel even more ments before the talks," he said: "safe, then they can call for an preparations were under way for foreign women and children to leave Iraq but did not provide a specific timetable.

In an interview with the French daily Le Figaro before his talks in Amman, Aziz gave no indication that Iraq was ready to make concessions. He said the United Nations could initiate indirect talks between Iraq and the other parties involved in the conflict, as it did in the Iraq-Iran war.

Iraq and Iran held intermittent peace talks for years through the United Nations while they fought

"I know Perez de Cuellar," he told the French daily. "We worked a lot together during the Iraqlooked stalled. The secretary

general presented notes and

(Continued from page 1) documents to the two governquoted sources as saying U.S. allies fear that anything less than crushing Iraqi military forces would leave Baghdad's conventional, chemical and nuclear weapons intact and This method allowed the two narties to maintain a discussion in spite of everything else," Aziz would put Sandi Arabia and the Perez de Cuellar said Thursday smaller Gulf states at Iraq's mercy

once U.S. and other foreign troops he saw indications that Iraq could are withdrawn. be flexible in talks to resolve the "There is no doubt that the Saudis and the Israelis fear that the United crisis. He cited what he called Iraq's humanitarian gesture in States will accept a deal that leaves a allowing foreign women and chilwounded rather than a defeated tiger in place in Baghdad," the newspaper said it was told by a "well-placed" dren held in Iraq and Kuwait to

U.S. source. In his Le Figaro interview, The Times quoted its sources as Aziz repeated Iraq's threat to use saying Turkey, the exiled Kuwaiti government, the United Arab Emi-rates, Qatar, Bahrain and Oman were whatever weapons come to hand if attacked. "If you threaten Iraq with your ships and planes, I will among the countries urging the United States to use force.

Saudi leaders have said publicly that they oppose an offensive U.S. military operation, but the Times be free of all moral commitment to the French, American or Brit-

ish governments," he said. quoted its source as saying, "... in reality, they are talking something different." Aziz denied that the proclamation of Kuwait as Iraq's 19th province, announced three days before his meeting with Perez de Bush told reporters in Washington Cuellar in Jordan, was a provocathat his analysts have a hard time determining whether the standoff with Iraq will end up in a shooting

The U.N. secretary-general was aware Iraq decided to merge with Kuwait on Aug. 8, he said. In Iraq's view, the Arab World had not been given time to work out a solution to the crisis but still had time to replace foreign troops in the region with an Arab force,

"Arab troops should be stationed where foreign troops are now. Saudi Arabia brought the latter in because it said it was threatened by Iraq," he said.

"We are ready to give it all possible guarantees. But if the Saudis want to feel even more Att United States.

Asked if that force could be sent to Kuwait, the foreign minis-ter laughed and said: "Don't forget that all the troops in Iraq are Arab troops.'

Aziz also appeared to suggest a massive land deal that would redraw the 20th century map of the Arabian Peninsula.

"In 1930, Kuwait City was no more than a collection of mud huts,"Aziz said. "How can it have such vast territory?" The emirate, he said, was purely an artificial invention of British col-

"If Saudi Arabia claimed Qatar as part of its territory, I would support the claim. I say that

King meets Thatcher

Gonzalez, after visiting five North African states.

At a press conference in Madrid, King Hussein said he believed some progress had been made to defuse the crisis and he hoped to meet Iraqi leader Saddam Hussein at the end of his mission.

"There is a certain basis for an agreement, in line with the United Nations resolution," he said. "I have tried to impress on my Arab colleagues that hard positions provoke hard positions and risk leading to a point of no return."

In the Moroccan capital King Hussein held two rounds of talks with King Hassan, who has sent 1,200 troops to Saudi Arabia. The troops are joining Arab forces dis-patched by an Arab League summit to defend Saudi Arabia against possible Iraqi attack.

Both Britain and France, which have sent warships and combat planes to join the U.S.-led multinational force in the Gulf, have rejected negotiations with Baghe unless it frees all foreigners held in Kuwait and Iraq and withdraws

The King said in Madrid he had visited the five African countries over the past few days to persuade Arab leaders to avoid confronta-

"I have tried to impress on my Arab colleagues that hard positions provoke hard positions and risk leading to a point of no return," he Gonzalez told newsmen he be-

lieved some progress had been made in diplomatic efforts to defuse "There is a certain basis for an agreement, in line with the United Nations resolution," he said.

Th monarch, who flew to Madrid from Rabat, said he boped to meet at the end of his peace mission. "I will return home with what I hope will be a common understandning so that we can move ahead collectively," he said.

But he played down reports that he was promoting a specific peace

plan.
"My ideas are not yet — to the

best of my knowledge — firm beyond the give and take between Arab leaders. We are not yet de-veloping a specific plan," the King

"What we are doing is building a comprehensive position, arrived at by being compatible with what others want," he said.

"We are trying to avert the dan-ger of an explosion, and then through active diplomacy find a quick solution to the conflict."

King Hussein said he hoped the principle of an Arab solution to the Gulf crisis would become a bluep-rint for resolving other conflicts in the Middle East.

"Our region has sometimes been

forgotten and I hope that the princi-ples established for this crisis can be applied to others in the area so as to achieve a lasting peace there," he

The Spanish government Friday voiced its appreciation for King Hussein's efforts to find a peaceful settlement to the Gulf crisis and to reach common stands for finding a balanced solution, the Jodan News Agency, Petra, said.

Gonzalez voiced his govern-ment's appreciation for King Hussein's positive role in trying to solve the crisis and affirmed the keenness of Spain to reach a peaceful settlement to the crisis.

The Spanish prime minister agreed with King Hussein that every effort should be exerted to stop escalating the crisis to pave the way for a peaceful solution," Petra said. He pointed out to the importance of international cooperation and expressed Spain's hope that the Arabs would be able to reach a balanced solution.

Representatives of the Jordanian, and Palestinian communities in Spain, the Arab Spanish Cultural Society, the Arab Spanish Understanding Committee and representatives of the Arab communities in Spain Spain or the Arab communities. in Spain gathered in Madrid met the King before he left for London. They voiced their appreciation and support for Jordan's constant stands on the causes of the Arab

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The children of Jordan demand all to implement the principles of the international declaration on children's rights which provides for protecting and taking care of children under all circumstances, in all times and in the days of war and peace alike. The principles of the international declaration on the children's rights by which all the world abide by linking between these rights and the child's basic needs. The declaration's provisions under articles No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 10 guarantee the protection and welfare of children as well as social, food, and educational security and their right to grow up in healthy conditions in the times of war, peace and disasters.

The children of Jordan appeal for providing milk, food and medicine supplies for the children of Iraq.

This appeal comes on the eve of convening the world summit for children in which many leaders of the world's countries will take part to protect childhood.

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reality in history. ALWAYS CHOOSE THE RELIABLE Evacuees — 'human disaster'

(Continued from page 1) post, and the authorities face the mammoth task of sheltering, feeding and transporting

According to U.N. officials in Geneva, pledges of cash and in-kind assistance to Jordan to help cope with the situation reached \$151 million by Thursday, but it was not clear whether a Sandi aid of \$60 million given to Egypt was part of the total amount for resettling Egyptians who left Iraq and Kuwait in the wake of the

Crown Prince Hassan made an appeal Thursday to the world community to send planes and ships to repatriate the 75,000 evacuees stranded in

"Children are going to die out there in the next few days," the Crown Prince was quoted as saying after inspecting the Ruweished evacuee camp sites.

Since Monday Jordan has tried to stem the flow of evacnees at the border from coming to the capital, fearing that more evacuees would make the situation more difficult.

"We can't possible handle more people than this. Neither our economic nor our human resources will allow for it," said one government official work-

ing at the border.
Official envoys of several Asian countries are saying that they are doing all they can to repatriate their nationals and relieve Jordan of what one official called the "huge human burden."

The Pakistani ambassador in Amman said Friday that 3,500 of his countrymen were housed at the Amman International Fair Centre, which the embassy

had rented. Another 7,500 are located between Ruweished

and Amman, he said.

Specially chartered flights have already airlifted 4,500 Pakistanis home in the past weeks. "On Sept. 3 we expect that one of our ships will carry 2,000 people home from Aqaba," the Pakistani ambassa-dor said Friday.

The government of India is sending a minimum of four chartered planes daily to Amman.

"About 900 of our citizens

are being flow out daily," said an Indian diplomat Friday. "We have asked our embassy in Baghdad to slow down the number of people coming over so that we can reduce the numbers staying here," he added.
The diplomat said that about

9.000 Indians were awaiting flights out and that about 155,000 were still in Kuwait and 10,000 in Iraq.

"So far we have evacuated 8,000 people on 26 flights and we still have a whole lot more to go," said the diplomat. "We are exploring the possibility of repatriating our citizens by way of sea through the ports of Aqaba, Basra or Iran."

Philippine Foreign Minister Raul Manglapus Friday visited Jordan for talks on the plight of 5,500 Filipinos stranded in Jordan.

About 2,900 Filipmos have already been repatriated. Seven thousand Filipino nationals are still in Kuwait and

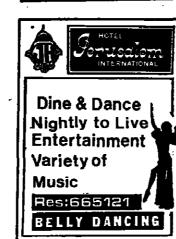
4,000 are in Baghdad, according to the Philippine ambassador in Amman, who says the bill for taking care of the Filipi-no evacuees in Jordan is being footed entirely by his govern-







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Agassi, Graf win at U.S. Open

NEW YORK (AP) - Andre Agassi, cursing at the umpire, talked his way out of trouble and barely beat a hobbled Peter Korda in a tense and dramatic U.S. Open match.

Agassi was given a warning and a point penalty, which was rescinded moments later in the second set after the umpire conferred with the tournament referee. Agassi went on to a 7-5. 5-7, 6-0, 6-4 victory over Korda Thursday, who turned his ankle in the eighth game of the fourth set but refused to quit.

Kerda received treatment for his ankle, then came back and won the next point with a backhand crosscourt while limping badly. Agassi served an ace towin the game and take a 5-3 lead, bu: again Korda grimaced and held on. Korda held serve, limping continuously, but couldn't stop Agassi's service for the

For one marvelous set, Steffi Graf played in one of those zones that tennis players love, spaced out beyond the ozone, hitting perfect shots past a most imperfect opponent.

Graf, going for her third straight U.S. Open title, came back to earth after the stretch and settled for a 6-1, 6-3 victory over 18-year-old Rachel McOuillan, a promising Australian who simply was overwhelmed, to advance to

Monica Seles and Jennifer Krickstein beat Jason Stoltenberg apriati, two girls who just wan-6-4, 6-2, 6-4, and no. 11 Michael Capriati, two girls who just wanna have fun and win, perked up the U.S. Open during the afternoon with giggles and grunts and

power strokes galore. The third-seeded Seles, thankful she didn't have to play past her bedtime after a rain delay Wednesday night, came back fresh to reach the third round by beating Rosalyn Fairbank-Nidef-

Capriati, seeded no. 13 but closing in quickly on the top players, had as easy at time getting to the third round with a 6-3, 6-1 victory over Patricia Hy.

Neither Seles, 16, nor Capriati, 14, played on the stadium court, but they were the centres of attention even on a day when Boris Becker beat flashy Frenchman Yannick Noah 6-4, 6-2, 7-6, (7-2) and Gary Muller upset no. 4 Jim Courier 4-6, 6-4, 7-6, (8-6), 7-6, (7-5).

Only a thrilling doubles upset, Nelson Aerts and Danilo Marcelino beating top-seeded Rick Leach and Jim Pugh 7-6, (7-5). 7-6, (7-5), rivaled the excitement Seles and Capriati generated.

Wimbledon finalist Zina Garrison spoiled the fun for another 16-year-old, pig-tailed Angelica Gavaldon, beating her 6-4, 6-0. In other men's matches, no. 8 Brad Gilbert beat Rick Leach 7-6, (7-4), 6-4, 6-2, no. 9 Aaron

E. Germans lead in gold medals

Chang beat Jimmy Arias 7-6 (7-3), 6-3, 6-2.

At this stage, Becker is not looking for any challenges. So the early elimination of no. 1 seed Stefan Edberg at the U.S. Open

suits no. 2 Becker just fine. "I prefer it without Edberg."

Becker said Thursday after advancing to the third round. Wouldn't he like a showdown with the Swede, a chance to redeem himself for the loss to Edberg in the finals at Wimb-

Becker smiled thinly. "We will have a couple of more opportunities." he said.

Edberg washed out of the open Tuesday, beaten by unheralded Alexander Volkov. That makes Becker the favourite and he looked the part against Noah, who often seemed overmatched. "I expected a tough match," Noah said. "He is playing well

and the more matches he plays.

the more he improves. "His serve is his best weapon. When he is serving big, he is winning tournaments. But he is not no. 2 because of one shot. He is at his best when he serves well and comes to the net."

The serve can be a fickle weapon, though, and Becker

"It is mysterious," he said. "It

made a formal protest, complain-ing that Elliott had been pushed.

The jury viewed a tape of the

race, and it blamed Hauke Fuhl-

bruegge of East Germany for

pushing Elliott. The British miler

metres and was eliminated.

In a major upset, Paivi Alfrant-

ti of Finland won the women's

javelin with 67.68 metres, beating

a strong East German team led

by world record holder Petra

Karen forkel was second with

Meanwhile, Sorin Matei of

Romania, the only high jumper

to have cleared 2.40 metres this

year, pulled out of the European

Athletics Championships Friday

Officials said Matei aggravated

a buttock muscle injury in train-

ing and could not take part in the

The 27-year-old Bucharest stu-

dent had been on superb form

all season and was hot favourite

last European Championships

metres in the qualifying competi-

tion and failed to reach the final.

holder, now 33, had jumped 2.30

metres or over in more than 70

competitions in his long career.

Mutt'n'Jeff

The former European record

Carlo Thraenhardt of West

qualifying competition.

to claim gold in Split.

67.56 and Felke third with 66.56

have tried to find out why, to find the answer."

And so for assessing his game Becker said it is too soon for that. "We are in the second round," he

said. "That's way too early. "I have to play very well to beat a Noah. I didn't expect to play that well that early. That would seem be a good

sign for Becker's prospects. Still, Noah is not prepared to concede the tournament to him. And Becker is not prepared to claim it, even with Edberg out of the

There are good players here," Noah said, "a lot of guys who can

For Becker, playing this well this early is not a bad thing. "It's better than never doing it," he

The decisive loss left Noah grouping a bit about his future. "It was very frustrating, a difficult situation," he said. "I'm not playing well. The open was a goal of mine and I'm not too happy with the way it went.

Would a break from the sport can't afford to take a break," Noah said. "If I take a

break, it's for good." As for Becker, he has no prob lem with his situation. "I am no. 2, close to no. 1," he

"That's pretty good, I

Leeds shows it belongs back in 1st

division

LONDON (AP) - It has not taken Leeds long to show it belongs back in the first division of the English Soccer League.

The squad, promoted to division one this season after eight years in the second division, has claimed four points with a victory and a tie in its first two games. It is in sixth place in the early league

"We've only played two games but I am pleased with the two performances," said manager Howard Wilkinson, whose team bosts Norwich Saturday.

"I think we have acquitted ourselves well in both games. There was never any real danger that we would lost either of Leeds has had trouble in recent

years with hooliganism and was warned by league officials earlier this season that any more fan violence could result in stiff penalties or even expulsion. But other managers said they

are pleased to have Leeds, with its large following of fans, as well as Sunderland and Sheffield Un-. ited back in the first division. "These are big clubs with big

followings," said Manchester United manager Alex Ferguson. "To see them out of division one is sad and it's great to get

them back in," Ferguson said. "We want the likes of Leeds United in the first division. They bring an atmosphere — a special sort of atmosphere that you cannot do without."

the IOC chief said. "We told them we hope that they can solve their political problems. The Olympic problem then would be "The second point we made was, they must find ways not to

Samaranch told the meeting

"We made the political point,"

the political problems between

sacrifice their athletes. I asked them to remember their athletes whatever they do.' Samaranch said the meeting

was "very friendly and very posi-tive." No specific requests regarding Olympic status for 1992 were made, he said.

Smirnov said the Baltics had pledged to allow their athletes to compete on the Soviet teams in '92 if a political split is not final. He said it was unrealistic to think that the three republics would be politically independent by that

Other Soviet sports officials recently reported similar promises from the Baltics.

The Baltics, tiny in size, have provided a relatively large num-ber of stars for the Soviet teams that have dominated world sports for the last 35 years. At the recent Goodwill Games in Seattle, about two dozen of the 420-member Soviet team came from the three

Brazil excludes top stars from new national team

RIO DE JANEIRO (AP) -Coach Paulo Roberto Falcao Thursday named 18 players to an all-new national soccer team that excludes Brazil's top stars playing

Most of Brazil's top stars play in Europe. During training for the World Cup, the so-called "foreigners" often were absent

and later were criticised for arguing over prize money. Falcao, a former all-star midfielder, was named coach on Aug. 16. He replaced Sebastiao Lazaroni, who quit after Brazil

a "long-term" rebuilding project using players from Brazilian The only player left from Brazil's World Cup squad is midfielder Bismarck, who did not play in

The president of the Brazilian

Soccer Confederation, Ricardo

Teixeira, said Falcao would head

Cup in Italy.

the tournament. Fourteen players were called for the first time to the main national team. Besides Bismarck,

the only returning players are Neto, Nelsinho and Charles. was eliminated from the World

Soviets defeat Brazil in women's volleyball

Union beat Brazil and Cuba

Volleyball World Cham-

Brazil took advantage of the Soviets' frequent errors and slow attack to win the first set 15-9. But the Soviets rebounded in subsequents to edge past the

PEKING (AP) - The Soviet Brazilians 15-0, 15-9, 16-14. Cuba, meanwhile, overtronnced South Korea to advance whelmed South Korea 15-5, 15-3,

The Soviet Union will meet

Cuba Friday in the semifinals. "It will be a tough contest. We'll try our best to win," Cuban coach George Eugenio told the official Xinhua News

MORUBE HE ALWAYS
GETS UP FOR
BREAKFAST, NO
MATTER WHAT TIME
CF DAY IT IS

cuts both ways Olympic Committee status they had with the IOC before their

Baltic breakaway

-- Take away a basketball star from Lithuania, a bobsledder from Latvia or a sailor from Estonia, and the Soviet Union's territories were annexed by the Soviet Union in 1940. sports machine would be missing

some major pieces. But the impact on sports of the Moscow and the three republics potential breakaway of the Baltic must be solved before a sports republics from the Soviets' polisolution is found. But he also said tical federation cuts both ways. that Sabonis and other athletes As sports officials from the must be the primary concern of three regions met Thursday with both sides.

International Olympic Commit-tee (IOC) President Juan Antonio Samaranch, they were told that athletes on both sides of the dispute should come first.
"Athletes are suffering," said

Vitaly Smirnov, a member of the OC's executive board and head of the Soviet National Olympic

Smirnov said that key training facilities lie in the Baltics, and that a political split could stunt budding stars from the rest of the nation.

At the same time, separationist tactics such as Lithuania's with-drawal from the Soviet League were hurting efforts to build a national team and depriving the Lithuanian players of going

against the best, Smirnov said. "An athlete without competition is nothing, just nothing," he

Samaranch, Smirroov and other IOC officials spent the better part of two hours with the six-member delegation that included Arvydas Sibonis, the 7-foot (2.15-metre) centre on the gold-medal basketball team in Seoul.

Lithuania has declared its independence, and Latvia and Estonia say they will do the same at an unspecified date. All three would

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 1, 1990 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Not a day to spend taking chances but at the same time you can achieve a great deal by accepting an oppor-tunity that you had decided to forego. Travel plans are subject to

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Situation comes to light in reference to another person that can age the course of that association so go along with for the best

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Be on the alert for some improved ways to handle your usual activities and you can make more headway in producing results satisfactory to

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) One entertainment that has been in your life for sometime is about to go out so that another can bring you even more enjoyment so be alert for this.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Make sure you have your residence just as you wish it to be and this will require you go along with some unusual events happen-

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Don't put the same stale old expressions and remarks in either correspondence or conversations for departing from usual will improve your con-

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Scan your newspaper and other

periodicals for advanced ways by which you can add to your income and revenue or improve your pos-

hou

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Lamb 60 Joanne of

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) If you have been awaiting a good time to have a talk with usual routine allies for increasing pro-

ductivity you have it in this unique

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) The most original course of action at your fingertips that will help you to add to your holding and have more of life's goods is

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Open your consciousness to the most comprehensive channel through which your energies can be directed and you

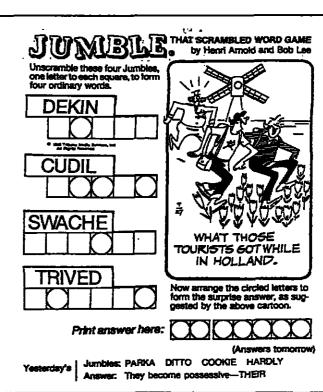
CAPRICORN: (December 22 to tions are the best means by which to make some very definite push them to the limit.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Consider your friends who are most forward looking, let them know what is closest to your heart and then follow their suggestions for being happier.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Consider the outside world and what fascinate you the most about it and then do whatever will make you more a part of that worthwhile



think we're nerds!"



ACROSS 1 Seafaring 6 Scot. hillside TO Stopper 13 In reserve 14 Gave out cards 15 "Grand ---Opry" 16 — feet (be clumsy) 18 Course traveled: about traveled: abor. 19 Copy 20 Disclose 21 Hall carpet 23 Ocean phenomenon 25 Possessive 26 Rectimer and rocker 29 Jellied garnist 31 Advance 32 Sp. port 36 Grain 37 TV's Cerrott 39 Foothike part 40 Prediction 42 Essential point 1990 Tribune Media Services, Inc AZ Rights Reserved oomt 43 Golf clubs 44 City on the Rio Grande Yesterday's Puzzie Solved 9 "—, Brute!" 10 Hom of plenty 11 Modify 12 Looks intently 14 Blockhead 17 Joins logether 22 Short fiber 23 Free from 24 Recairs 26 Hoofbest sound 46 Rajah's wile 48 Matsudo mats 51 First game 53 St. —'s fire 54 Historical PARTIE BOOM PARTIES OF THE PARTIES O period 57 Illuminated 58 Constantly 61 Based: abbr 62 Greepers 63 Expunge 64 Female 27 Listen to 28 Mane — 30 For each 32 — nove - nova Cuckoo Loch -32 33 Cucks 34 Loch — 35 Cancerning 37 Yoko — 38 Fabricate Smile 65 Printing mark 65 Sweilings 35 37 You 37 You 38 Fabrie 41 Smile broadly Drs. 57 DOWN 1 Okinawa city 2 Quickly: abbr. 3 On the ga — 4 Fruit drink 42 Drs. 49 Giggle 50 Heights: abbr. 52 Arthurian Lady 54 Cheese 55 Coarse file 56 Some votes abbr. 59 Gerard er

5 Missive 6 Noted lawyer 7 "Norms —"

8 Outdoors

44 — Samms 45 A Hampton 46 Parts 47 Silly

THE Daily Crossword by Rena M. Campbell

and Britzin won two more men's Britain, winner of the 100, third was allowed to run in the final golds. and the German was disqualified. Another favourite, Are Nak-But this was the day Sergei Black also led from start to Bubka lost. For seven years the finish, but he clearly ran out of kim of Norway who took the wind on the homestretch and silver medal in the 100,000, fell during a semifinal for the 5,000

at European Championships

husiry Soviet pole vauiter had woo every major event he had entered. He jumped nine times in Split and made seven misses. Bubka, the Olympic gold medalist, world

record holder, two-time world

champion and defending Euro-

SPLIT. Yugoslavia (AP) — Katrin Krabbe of East Germany

took the women's 200 metres to

become the first double gold

medal winner at the European

Track and Field Championships.

pean champion, finally bowed to Teammate Rodion Gataulin took the gold with 5.85 metres. Fellow Soviet Grigory Yegorov was second with 5.75 (18-10, 1-4), and Hermann Fehringer of Au-

stria was third, also at 5.75, for a national record. Bubka ended sixth at 5.70, but he said he was not finished. He blamed his defeat on a number of injuries and a sore back in training, but he vowed to come back

After four days of athletics in this Adriatic resort, East Germany led in gold medals with eight, pushed by their women, and Britain, cominating the men's events, followed with

Krabbe 10, dominated the women's _ s metres in 21.95 seconds leading from start to finish and raising her arms in triumph a few strides from the finish. She had won the 100

Tuesday. "It looks as if I'll pick up three go ds here, if things work out as they should," she said, referring to the East German sprint relay. "My win in the 200 was tougher than the 100, but I was confident in octo races."

many, a gold medalist in the long jump, was second with 22.19 (and Gaina Malchugina of the Soviet Union third with 22.23, John Regis won the men's 200 metres in 20.11 seconds and Ro-

zer Black the 400 in a poor 45.08

seas for the two British men's

20.31 and Linford Christie of

Thomas Schoenlebe of East Germany nearly nipped him. Schoenlebe, world champion in 1987, was timed in 45.13 and another East German, Jens Carlowitz, was third with 45.27.

Regis, third in the 100, held a

comfortable lead from the very

start. Jean-Charles Trouabal of

France was a distant second with

After the race, Black was clearly relieved. 'It was a hard race. I didn't tactic at all, but I won. Nothing

else matters," Black said. Francesco Panetta of Italy won dramatic 3,000 metres steeplechase in 8:12:66 minutes. The Italian led from start to the bell for the last lap, followed like a shadow by Mark Rowland of

Rowland took the lead in the last lap and placed his kick on the final bend, looking as a winner coming down the homestretch. But Panetta rallied for a final effort and sprinted to victory. Rowland was second at 8:13:27

and Alessandro Lambruschini of Germany, bronze medallist at the Italy third at 8:15.82. Italy held three golds, third in four years ago, cleared only 2.20

the standings. The last men's gold of the day went to Dietmar Haaf of West Germany with 8.25 metres in the long jump. Angel Hernandez of Spain was second with 8.15 and Borut Bilac of Yugoslavia third with 8.09.

Monique Ewanje-Epee of France won the women's 100 metres hurdles in 12,79 seconds. one of the few events in which the East Germans had to give up the

the silver with 12.91 and Lydia Iurkova of the Soviet Union was third with 12.92. Peter Elliott of Britain, the

metres from the finish. Team spokesman Tony Ward

GOREN BRIDGE

WITH OMAR SHAR!F & TANNAH HIRSCH 700 friture Media Services Inc

GENTLEMEN. THE LADIES

Both Vulnerable. West deals. NORTH + K73 A2 A976 WEST EAST ↑ Q 4 8 6 Q J 8 7 K ÷ j Q3842 **+ 108752** SOUTH ♦ 4 10 5 4 2 10 9 5 4 3

Ano Easi Pass 2.17 Pass Pass 4 🛧 Pass P255 Opening lead: Queen of 🛧 From time to time, the writers of this column have been accused of being male chausinists. While that

might hold true of our belief that

the cost players are men, let us as-

sure you that there are no more

ardint admirers of the fair sex than

we. This hand was played by a young Israell, Hana Barness, in the

10 5 3 South Women's Pairs at the 1989 Europe-

an Championship. North-South were using a 15-17 range for their opening no trumps. South's jump to four hearts denied interest in anything beyond game.

Declarer won the opening club lead in dummy, discarding a diamond from hand. The ace of hearts was cashed, followed by a low heart to East's king. Another diamond was sluffed on the club return, and when the king of spades was cashed.

East dropped a tell-tale jack. A club ruff in hand and a heart ruff in dummy were followed by the ace of diamonds and another club ruff. A second heart ruff reduced West to nothing but trumps, while there were three diamonds on the board and declarer was down to A 10 of trumps and 10 of hearts.

Declarer led a diamond from dummy and discarded the winning heart from hand. With nothing but trumps, West was forced to ruff and return a trump into declarer's tenace As a result, South comped home with 11 tricks on a hand where many were going down at four spades because they drew two rounds of trumps too early.

Gloria Siebert, however, took Heike Drechsier of East Ger-

heavy favourite for the men's 1.500 metres, fell during his semifinal, in a crowded pack some 600

WHATARE YOU SOCHIPPER ABOUT THIS MCRNING?

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Andy Capp





Peanuts





i ways by ur income your pos-

o October waiting a with usual sing pro-is unique

"We have enough money to buy petrol. Only higher demand or panic on the (domestic) market might cause temporary trouble," the official news agency

PAP quoted him as saying. State oil distributor CPN has announced price rises of 33 per cent for petrol and 16 per cent for diesel fuel from Saturday, raising them to 3,200 zloties (34 cents) and 2,200 zloties (23 cents) per

An international embargo of Iraqi oil, which Baghdad was supplying to repay its debt to Warsaw, has deprived Poland of 750,000 tonnes of crude this year. Swiecicki said the Soviet Union, which is cutting back supplies to East European countries, was also behind on contracted oil deliveries to Poland.

"In view of our lost Iraqi oil deliveries, the reduced oil supplies from the Soviet Union, which are two million tonnes overdue, and higher world oil prices, the domestic price of petrol will go up this year. However, no petrol shortages are expected in Poland," Swiecicki said.

Egypt cuts oil prices

CAIRO (R) — Egypt, its economy taking a beating from the Gulf crisis, cut oil prices by \$5 Thursday after a series of increases earlier last month, a senior Egyptian General Petroleum Corporation (EGPC) official said.

He told Reuters the cut was effective immediately and would be valid until further notice.

The cut brought down the prime Zeit and Ras Bahar grades to \$25.80 from \$30.80 a barrel and the benchmark Suez blend to

Non-OPEC Egypt produces about 900,000 barrels per day (b/d) of which it exports 500,000

The Gulf crisis has virtually ended the flow of at least \$1 billion sent home every year by nearly two million Egyptians 221-ployed in Iraq and Kuwait Vo

Thousands are returning to d and soon start looking for already

M.E. tension causes new fuel price hike in Brazil

RIO DE JANEIRO (AP) - The government has raised fuel prices 8.9 per cent, the third increase in a month, in response to the

ongoing crisis in the Middle East. The increase, in conjunction with hikes in electricity and postal rates, was expected. Observers have expressed concern that higher public tariffs will jeopardise the government's anti-inflation

strategy.
National secretary of economy, Joao Maia, said the increase was effective Friday.

The pump price of gasoline increased from 43.32 cruzeiros a litre (\$2.27 a gallon) to 47.17 cruzeiros (\$2.48 a gallon).

The price of pure alcohol fuel rose from 33.51 cruzeiros a litre (\$1.74 a gallon) to 36.49 cruzeiros (\$1.89 a gallon).

Production costs for alcohol fuel are double those for gasoline but cheaper for consumers due to government subsidies. Some 4.5 million vehicles, one-third of the country's total, run on alcohol made from domestically grown

following the Iraqi take over of Kuwait have hit this South American giant hard. Brazil produces an average of 665,000 barrels of oil daily, but must import another 550,000 barrels to meet domestic

Iraq was Brazil's top oil sup-plier, selling 140,000 barrels per day, before President Fernando Collor de Mello ordered a halt to oil imports from Iraq in accordance with U.N. sanctions.

Combined oil purchases from Iraq and Kuwait, which sold Bra-zil 30,000 barrels daily before the presidential order, met over 35 per cent of import needs.

The hike was the third in August after fuel prices were sharply increased and then frozen March 15, when Collor decreed an economic austerity plan to bring down record inflation of over 5,000 per cent in the year before he took office.

Inflation has dropped sharply since then, rising 10.79 per cent in July. However, the impact of

Rising international oil prices problems, has caused the government to raise its estimate of August inflation from 8.5 per cent to 10.3 per cent in the past three

> Luis Octavio da Motta Veiga, president of the state oil monopo-Petrobras, has been pressuring the government for a fuel hike of 33 per cent. Economy Minister Zelia Car-

doso de Mello, concerned about the impact on the inflation front, has opposed such a steep hike. In addition to the fuel price increase, the government also raised electricity and postal rates,

by 8.9 per cent and 9.5 per cent,

With the exception of fuel, all public tariffs had been frozen since March, and all are seriously ont of line with real costs. Before the increase, electricity was esti-mated to be underpriced by 70 per cent and postal rates by 28.5 per cent.

Observers here say the government is trying to control inflation by keeping public tariffs artificial-

group."
"While no immediate action on

these approaches is contem-

plated, the board have appointed

(Dublin-based) NCB Corporate

Finance to act as its advisers," the

The highly secretive and tough-

talking Goodman was known as "the milk sheikh" and "sugar

daddy" for his efforts to build up

a multinational food group but

ments have failed to pay off.

his British stock market invest-

Last week he sold at a hefty

loss his stake in the British dairy

group Unigate and on paper he

faces further major losses from

his investment in the troubled

commodities and sugar con-

glomerate Berisfod International.

statement added.

Gulf crisis may spur Istanbul to introduce offshore banking

could add new impetus to Turkey's plans to make Istanbul an offshore banking centre, following a collapse of business in

Bahrain.
"We (were) already studying offshore regulations to allow offshore banking in Istanbul... in a new free trade zone," Finance Minister Adnan Kahveci told Reuters. "Now we have an excellent opportunity," he noted.

The necessary regulations would be proposed to parliament soon, he said.

Venezuela

sharply

raises oil

Between Singapore and London, I think there's tremendous potential for Istanbul to become a

of Istanbul's Yatirim Bank. "Banking confidence in the Gulf is badly shaken. It will take years for it to come back," he

major offshore centre," said

David Carpita, general manager

Yatirim was active in Bahrain's offshore banking centre — the Middle East's biggest — before Iraq's takeover of Kuwait sent the market there into a tailspin. "What we have seen so far is big flow (of banking business) out

of the Gulf to usuala places like

Switzerland, the Channel Islands

or Luxembourg," said another

Discussing Istanbul as a poten-

tial centre, a Saudi-based banker said: "Excellent idea, a base in Europe with a Middle East time zone.

But Turkey would have to ease

seveal regulations for Istanbul to become one of the world's 30 to 40 offshore financial centres. It would need to introduce non-resident company status with tax exemption, full profit repatriation and freedom to keep 100

per cent of capital in foreign

exchange. Foreign banks operating in Turkey currently have to keep their capital in Turkish lira, a major constraint since inflation - now at 56.3 per cent annually

Western bankers say a decade of liberal reforms pioneered by President Turgut Ozal, prime minister from 1983 until last November, have transformed Turkey into a regional economic powerhouse and changed the face of banking and business.

Foreign exchange controls have been lifted, attracting over \$700 nmillion of foreign cash last year of which the bulk landed on Istanbul's stock exchange. "A regulatory infrastructure

for offshore banking could be readied within a week, just with one signal from Mr. Ozal," Cane-

higher oil prices, along with other ly cheap. Irish examiner wins breathing space for Goodman beef empire

are available for normal business

purposes and to pay existing and

future creditors essential to the

Following those negotiations

with the group's principal bank-

ers, I have today received high

court approval to obtain suffi-

cient banking facilities which are

now in place to ensure the group

has adequate funding for the day-

to-day needs of the business," he

Publicly quoted Food Industries PLC, the grain and dairy business in which Larry Good-

man has a 63 per cent stake, also

said in a statement that it had

number of sources, domestic and

international, expressing interest

'received approaches from a

continuity of the business."

DUBLIN (R) — An Irish high court-appointed examiner won some breathing space Thursday the debt-ridden Goodman International, Europe's biggest beef exporter that has been hard hit by the Gulf crisis.

Under new legislation rushed through parliament Tuesday, examiners can now check the financial health of ailing firms, protect them from their creditors and seek to put together a rescue package.

Goodman International, the privately-owned group of Irish beef baron" Larry Goodman, owes 460 million punts (\$782 million) to banks around the world.

Iraq in turn owes 180 million punts (\$307 million) to Goodman International, a major beef processor and exporter which accounts for fiver per cent of Ireland's gross national product.
The collapse of the Goodman

empire with its one billion punt (\$1.7 billion) annual turnover would pose major problems to the Irish economy which is heavily dependent on farming.

Specially appointed examiner, Peter Fitzpatrick said in a state-

U.S. banks tighten credit standards

bankers to ensure sufficient funds in acquiring part or all of the

WASHINGTON (AP) — A Other reasons included more Federal Reserve (Fed) survey stringent money supplies due to shows U.S. banks have continued problem loans and regulatory ment Thursday "I have been to tighten their lending standards negotiating with the group's in the last three months because of a weakening economy and problems in several industries.

"Domestic respondent banks indicated that since May they have further tightened lending standards and terms with respect to non-merger-related business loans," according to the survey.

It found that the tighter stan-

dards were particularly noticeable for medium-sized firms, but also significant for small and large

The survey polled senior loan officers at 60 domestic banks and 18 branches of foreign institu-"Branches and agencies of

foreign banks reported that, on balance, they too have moved to restrict the availability of business credit," the survey found. "By far the most important

reasons domestic respondents gave for tightening their credit standards in the last three months were a less favourable economic outlook and industry-specific problems," the survey said.

"About three-quarters of respondents reported that they had imposed tighter credit standards for applications to finance commercial office building in the last three months," the survey said.

Most banks reported their willingness to make general purpose and consumer installment loans to individuals was unchanged.

Passport Lost

A Sri Lanka passport number H 0066974 was lost Friday night with JD 35 is it. The passport belongs to Talpe Ligange Shelton. Other important papers also lost.

If found please contact closest police station.

Gorbachev dismisses senior minister over cigarette shortages

production CARACAS (R) — Venezuela announced Thursday that it had sharply raised oil production fol-lowing an OPEC agreement that allows members to turn up the taps and ensure plentiful supplies

during the Gulf crisis.

Andres Sosa Pietri, president of the state oil company Petroleos de Venezuela (PDVSA), said Venezuelan oil output was running at 2.26 million barrels per day (b/d) Thursday.

The production increase follows an agreement by the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) Wednesday to allow members including Venezuela to raise their output above their quotas.

Venezuela had previously been bound by a 1.945 million b/d production quota although the government last week authorised the state oil company to step up output and store the excess crude.

A top oil industry executive earlier told Reuters that Venezuela expected to be pumping 2.3 million b/d of oil within two weeks and to be producing 2.5 million barrels by the end of the

Sosa Pietri also forecast that Venezuelan oil exports would reach 2.475 million b/d by 1993 and be yielding the country \$15 billion annually.

MOSCOW (R) — Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev dismis-But long queues have still been

sed one of his top ministers Thursday, blaming him for the acute shortage of cigarettes that has caused demonstrations in Moscow and other cities. Vladilen Nikitin, a first deputy prime minister and head of the

State Procurement Commission.

was relieved of his duties one day

after Gorbachev summoned him and other officials to demand an explanation for the shortages. TASS news agency said a presidential decree linked the dismissal to "the failure to take measures to halt the decline in tobacco production and allowing disruption in the tobacco industry. leading to irregularities in supply in many parts of the country and

TASS did not say who would replace Nikitin but indicated his dismissal would be submitted to parliament for approval.

currency.'

unplanned expenditure of foreign

The decree urged the govern-ment and other top state bodies to adopt without delay measures to correct the situation, including the introduction of new prices for tobacco producers to boost pro-

Soviet authorities tried to ease the shortage last week by chartering a trainload of Bulgarian cigarettes for Moscow smokers. forming each morning outside the pavement kiosks dotting the capital. The patience of Soviet consum-

ers, already severely tried by chronic shortages of food, clo-thing, petrol, furniture and other basic goods, has snapped with the disruption of cigarette supplies. Demonstrators have repeated-

ly halted traffic in Moscow and other cities, even erecting barricades and building bonfires on Leningrad's principal thorough-Gorbachev Wednesday said he

considered the explanations offered for the shortages "unconvincing and insubstantial." Officials, he said, had been guilty of "irresponsibility and negligence affecting millions of people." Officials blame shortages of

cigarette filters and stoppages at Leningrad Mayor Anatoly Sob-

chak last week said the shortages were contrived to discredit new radical local governments. Television in the city showed film of what it said was tobacco deliberately thrown away in waste

As head of the State Procurement Commission, Nikitin was responsible for monitoring Soviet agriculture and sales of farm commodities to the state, including tobacco.

Perrier to clarify labelling

PARIS (R) — French mineral water company source Perrier, surrendering on a point of principle, has finally agreed to change the labelling on its distinctive green bottles. Dominique Airola, head of the

group's marketing and industrial section, has told journalists that by early November worldwide supplies of the tingling drink would no longer claim to be "naturally carbonated."

Instead they will bear the legend, "natural mineral water fortified with gas from the spring," as Perrier does not bubble straight from the spring into

"We had to conform to European and French legislation on labelling," Airola, managing director at Perrier's Societe General de Grandes Sources d'Eaux Minerales Françaises, told Reuters Thursday.

Perrier has been under pressure to tighten up its labelling since a contamination scare in February shed unwelcome light on its bottling methods.

The publicity-shy company was forced to recall 160 million bottles after traces of benzene, a hydrocarbon suspected of causing cancer, were found in some supplies bottled at its plant in Vergeze, southern France.

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Thursday, August 30, 1990 Central Bank official rates

656.0 660.0 1268.5 1276.1 419.7 422.2 507.6 510.6

Japanese yen (for 100)
Dutch guilder
Swedish crown
Jialian lira (for 100)
Belgian franc (for 10) 454.7 457.4 372.5 374.7 114.1 114.8 56.7 57.0 205.3 206.5

U.S. dollar

Canadian dollar

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Friday.

One Sterling
One U.S. dollar

1.1480.90 1.5630/35 1.7615/20 1.2945/55 32.04/09 5.2440/90 1161/1162 144.05/15

1.8980/90

Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lîre Japanese yen Swedish crowns 5.7540/90 6.0575/0625 Norwegian crowns 5.9885/9935 Danish crowns One ounce of gold 387.80/388.30 U.S. dollars

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Bucharest wages

BUCHAREST (R) — The Romanian capital has declared a

\$300,000 war on rats. Rats multi-

plied rapidly in the last years of

dictator Nicolae Ceausescu, who

was executed in December, be-

cause few chemical poisons were

brought into the country under

his drive to cut imports. The

rodents forage in garbage bins

and scurry under the gleaming

Western cars outside luxury

botels at night. "We have blown

the whistle, and now it's for the

town hall to do its job and launch

an all-out war to rid the city of

rats," said Rodica Tulbure, head

of the Health Ministry's Preven-

tive Medicine Centre. She said

the government had given the town hall \$300,000 to kill rats and

LONDON (AP) — Actress Di-

ana Rigg is seeking a divorce from her busband Archie Stirling,

improve garbage collection.

Diana Rigg seeks

divorce

war on rats

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S. Africa threatens to cut water, power supply to black townships

Police minister predicts more violence

JOHANNESBURG (Agencies) — South Africa's white govern-ment threatened Friday to cut off electricity and water supplies immediately to rebellious black townships which are behind in their utility payments.

Soweto, the biggest township in the country, escaped the threat when residents agreed to end a five-year boycott of rent and services payments.

Transvaal province officials who met black leaders there said they would waive 515 million rand (\$198 million) in arrears and agreed on terms for future pay-

But the threat to power and water supplies loomed over many smaller, volatile communities around Johannesburg where 500 people were killed this month in factional fighting.

Payment boycotts in protest over apartheid and poor services have brought to the brink of financial ruin many black munici-

Black councils, seen by many residents as collaborators with apartheid, have continued to pay for water and electricity while boycotts out off their income.

But Planning Minister Hernus Kriel warned blacks that the government would cut off vital bridging loans to councils Friday even if this meant utilities were cut off. Asked at a news conference if

this would not aggravate tension in the townships Kriel said: "Nowhere in the world do you get something for nothing.

"We hope this move won't increase the level of violence but we can't go on like this."

The right-wing white town council of Carolina in eastern Transvaal turned off light and water for a township earlier this week, but the provincial authority paid outstanding bills and services were restored.

The liberal Star newspaper commented: "To cut off the townships', lights and water 'until they see sense' might seem, to some, like appropriate retaliatory

'Yet it is a dangerous and equally crude response which can ead to chaos and confrontation." The state electricity utility Eskom and the regional water authority have said they will not act quickly to disconnect the mass of black consumers, despite the

Lawyers said service cuts may breach health laws.

There have been rent boycotts in about 50 townships around the country but the problem is worst in Transvaal where they have cost 834 million rand (\$320 million) since 1986.

Meanwhile, the police minister warned Friday that fighting among black factions could resume at any time and bush South

Law and Order Minister Adriaan Vlok also warned that rising crime could trigger violence between whites and blacks. He said police were doing all they could to prevent a new outbreak of fighting.

Vlok said the country was tense after faction fighting in black townships around Johannesburg left at least 518 people dead. He said the tension was being stoked

ca. South Africans will just have to exercise more tolerance towards one another " Vlok told a

provincial congress of the governing National Party in Durban.

'Order, peace and stability remain prerequisites in the process of building a new South Africa," he said.

Police said Friday the Johannesburg townships were quite. Violence erupted on Aug. 12 between Xhosas linked to the African National Congress and Zulus supporting the conservative Inkatha Movement.

Fighting raged in th townships for more than two weeks with rival groups battling with axes, spears, guns and knives. The government last week imposed emergency restrictions on the townships and sent in troops to aid police.

Vlok Friday denied allegations that police had sided with Inkatha during the fighting. He said police made every effort to be impartial, but there was often little they could do in the face of massive violence.

"We are not angels and we also make mistakes. It is, however, unacceptable to accuse the South African police of being the cause of the violence and unrest." he

environmental

SUNDSVALL, Sweden (AP) -

The United States has joined 73

74 nations

adopt

report

Armenian government crushes largest rebel group

MOSCOW (R) — The Armenian government said Friday it had crushed the rebel Armenian National Army (ANA), but feared further resistance from smaller splinter groups.

Interior Ministry troops occupied the beadquarters of the ANA, the largest paramilitary group, without bloodshed Thursday. But armed militants remained ensconced in mountains near the border with Azerbaijan. Armenian Vice-President Babken Hararctian said ANA leaders were captured and smaller groups in the capital Yerevan and hills

around had beeded calls to sur-But he said he feared Friday's funeral of a parliamentary deputy, whose assassination Wednesday triggered the clampdown. could provide a flashpoint for

'Unfortunately not all weapons that were in the ANA's hands have been found," Hararctian told the Estonian News Ser-

"There are a couple of organistions that are powerful and popular enough to cause us some trouble. The worst thing about them is that they are not under anyone's control," he said.

President Mikhail Gorbachev had planned to use the Soviet army against the many armed groups that had grown from conflict with ethnic Azeris over the last two years. But the republic's new nationalist leader Levon Ter-Petrosvan persuaded him to leave the clean-up operation in his

hands. The Soviet army, target of many militant attacks in the past few months, took no part in Thursday's action.

But Ter-Petrosyan must control armed groups over the next six weeks in his capital and on the Azerbaijani border if he is to stave off intervention by Moscow. Ethnic conflict has already cost over 200 lives in the region. Television showed armed men in paramilitary clothing patrolling Yerevan's streets, but all be-

accepted parliamentary authority and were now submitting to the command of a new National Guard. Members of the guard were shown standing with rifles at the

longed to groups that had

elegant city centre building, formerly a library, that had served as the ANA's headquar-In the mountains on the Azer-

baijani border, scene of fierce clashes over the last month, matters were less clear. Hararctian identified one

group that appeared ready to continue resistance as the "avengers" group, based in the Martuny region, near the Azerbaijani

The Soviet News Agency TASS said Interior Ministry troops had seized mortars and other arms during raids in the disputed Nagorno-Karabakh region, which has been the focus of conflict between Azerbaijan and

Armenia. Nagorno-Karabakh, under direct military rule, is a largely Armenian-populated enclave within Azerbaijan. Yerevan demands that the territory be transferred to its control and accuses Azerbaijan of trying to break resistance by disrupting links with

Shevardnadze begins week-long Asian tour

MOSCOW (AP) - Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze began Friday a week-long Asian tour to shore up relations with three of the Soviet Union's neighbours.

His first stop in China, whose Communist leaders have criticised reforms initiated by Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev. Shevardnadze will meet Chinese Foreign Minister Qian Qichen in the northeastern city of Harbin to discuss events in the Gulf. Cambodia and Europe, especially German unification. Gorbachev's 1989 visit to Chi-

na encouraged pro-democracy demonstrators camping out in Peking's Tiananmen Square. A few days after Gorbachev's departure, Chinese army troops crushed the movement, killing hundreds of students and others.

On Sunday and Monday, She-vardnadze planned to visit North Korea, a longtime Soviet ally that also has been critical of the political changes in the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe.

North Korea, one of the world's last hard-line Communist countries, is especially unhappy over Gorbachev's overtures to its bitter enemy, South Korea. Gorbachev met with South Korean President Roh Tae-Woo in San Francisco in June and the two countries have been working to establish diplomatic ties.

North Korean leaders have denounced the warming relations, warning that it would "serve the belligerent policy of the U.S. imperialists." They contend that the United States wants to keep the Korean peninsula divided so it can keep its military bases there to threaten Asia.

Shevardnadze is scheduled to arrive Tuesday in Japan, and Soviet Foreign Ministry official said he would lay the groundwork for a visit by Gorbachev next year and push for a peace treaty for-mally ending World War II.

OKA, Quebec (AP) — Quebec

Premier Robert Bourassa's office

said he asked the army to move in

to remove Mohawk barriers at

two locations after hope evapo-

rated for a quick end to a 7-week-

old armed standoff between

Bourassa's office said in a

statement that the premier late

Thursday broke off talks aimed at

lifting the barricades, erected in a

Bourassa said that because

negotiators for the six nations

Iroquois Confederacy announced

they were withdrawing from

talks, the government is going

back to its original plan to use the

army to take down the barri-

cades, according to the state-

ordered the army to remove the

Last-ditch talks between

Mohawks and government offi-

cials this week included delegates

from the confederacy, the high-

est-ranking traditional leadership

of the Iroquois, which includes

A solution to the conflict

seemed in the offing Wednesday

when Indians belped Canadian

soldiers remove two barricades

blocking the Mercier Bridge con-

necting Montreal to its southern

Those Mohawks closed the

bridge for seven weeks in sym-

police and the Indians.

land dispute.

barricades.

the Mohawks.

suburbs.

Bourassa orders army to

remove Indian barriers

Relations between the two countries have long been strained over Japan's demand that the Soviet Union return the Kuril Islands, a small chain the Soviets seized in the last days of the war. The islands, which stretch

north from the northern Japanese island of Hokkaido, are called the northern territories by the Japanese, although Moscow claims them historically as Russian territory. A delegation of Japanese officials visiting Moscow in July tried to raise the issue with Gorbachev, but he refused to discuss it.

Gorbachev said at the time that no one in the Soviet Union would say that it holds the territory of other nations, according to TASS.

"All this is confirmed by postwar documents. It was a severe war for all countries. International decisions were made on the basis of the postwar realities and we abide by them," TASS quoted him as saying. Russian Federation President

Boris Yeltsin said last week that the islands should remain under Soviet control, but should be demilitarised.

"This is a place that doesn't deserve to be given up," he said during a visit to the islands, according to the independent news service Interfax.

Japan in recent years has sought to improve relations with the Soviet Union, and the two have increased economic, diplomatic and cultural exchanges. But Japan has held off on com-mitting itself to large projects in the Soviet Union and on signing a peace treaty because of the dispute over the Kurils.

Shevardnadze also plans to attend an international conference scheduled between Tuesday and Friday in the Soviet port of Vladivostok. The conference will focus on the Asian Pacific region.

But work to tear down other

barricades near the bridge stop-

ped abruptly Thursday after

Mohawk leaders alleged "harass-ment" by police and whites.

Mohawk leaders said Thursday

they made significant concessions

to end the dispute at Kahnawake,

a reserve near the Mercier

Bridge, and at the Kahnesatake

However, Mohawk chief Joe

Norton told reporters at the Mer-

cier Bridge that shipments of

food and medicine were being

blocked from entering the

Kahnawake Reserve, both by

angry residents of the area and by

the police.
"We can still close the Mercier

Bridge again," he warned.
Chief Billy Two Rivers said

"Maybe some of the white peo-

nied accusations of harassment.

Donald Roy, an army

Reserve near Oka.

Bourassa had broken off talks Mohawks have been asked to

her agent has said. The agent. Jean Diamond, refused to comment on the reasons for the split. Miss Rigg, 52, married the 49-year-old Stirling in 1982. They have a daughter, Rachel, 13. The actress recently starred in a British television drama, Mother Love, as a possessive and manipulative mother. Trained as a classical actress, she gained fame as Emma Peal in the television spy-spoof, the Avengers. Japanese graft dead

man's skin on Soviet

TOKYO (R) — Japanese surgeons Thursday grafted the skin of a dead man onto a badlyburned Soviet boy flown in from the Soviet island of Sakhalin, doctors said. Eight surgeons performed the four-hour operation on three-year-old Konstantin Skorophyshny at Sapporo Medical College Hospital in Japan's northernmost island of Hok-kaido. Konstantin, who was accidentaly scalded with boiling water and suffered burns to more than 80 per cent of his body, received skin graft taken from his own head and the body of a Japanese man who died recently. A Japanese coastguard plane flew Konstantin to Sapporo after a plea for help from the authorities on Sakhalin, porth of Hokkaido.

Fan admits sending threatening letters to actress

LOS ANGELES (R) — A 42: year-old fan accused of sending ole didn't see Indian blood, but unfortunately we can't give them everything," he said.

Quebec previous police de-212 letters signed "your secrei admirer" to U.S. actress Stephanie Zimbalist pleaded guilty to mailing threatening communications. Under the terms of a plea "I can categorically state that no agreement, Michael Shields, 42, food is being kept out of Kahnacould be sentenced to six months wake whatsoever," said Capt. to a year in prison and ordered to stay 170 metres away from and not to communicate with 18 people, including Zimbalist, a star of The standoff began July 11, when the Quebec provincial the television series Remington police stormed an Oka barricade Steele. The others include memmanned by Mohawks trying to bers of Zimbalist's family and the block the expansion of a golf prosecutor and a Federal Bureau course on land they consider of Investigation agent involved in the case. Zimbalist, 31, daughter of Effrem Zimbalist Jr., who starred in the long-running television series The F.B.I., is one of several U.S. actresses and actors plagued by obsessed fans in recent years. Roberta Schaffer, a star of the series My Sister Sam, was shot dead and an alleged obsessed fan is awaiting trial. Theresa Saldana, who starred in the film Defiance, was stabbed by a Scot-tish drifter. Arthur Jackson, and a shipping clerk, Tina Ledbetter, was accused of sending nearly 6,000 threatening letters to actor Michael J. Fox.

Chinese restaurant

DHAKA (R) - A live 25-footlong (7.5 metre) python and a large stock of animal skins were seized from a Chinese restaurant in Bangladesh's Chittagong port city, police said. The 20-kilogram python was found along with raw and processed skins of royal Bengal tigers, bears, deer, wolves and lizards piled in the backyard of the Tai Wah Restaurant, they said. "The huge stock of contraband was awaiting export by illeg-al traders," one police officer told reporters. The manager and staff of the restaurant were being questioned but no one has been arrested. Forestry officials said tiger skins smuggled to Singapore and other countries fetch up to \$1,600 each. Hunting or selling wildlife has been banned in Bangdents are possed for a new coup | ladesh since 1982.

Mazowiecki seeks support in Gdansk

government.

The 3½-hour meeting at the Gdansk shipyard was an emotional and sometimes tense confrontation on the anniversary of August 1980 strikes that helped to break Communists' monopoly on power throughout Eastern

The six government officials met workers in BHP Hall, where on Aug. 31, 1980, Solidarity Chairman Lech Walesa and his top advisers, including Mazowiecki, signed the first accord between a Communist government and an independent workers movement.

But since winning control of the government last year, Walesa and Mazowiecki have been locked in a bitter political battle. Walesa was absent Thursday because, he said earlier, he did not want to distract from the prime minister's appearance.

At a news conference, Walesa said he is still fighting for fulfillment of the 1980 strike's 21 demands, which he says will bring Poland to full democracy by the holding of free elections for parliament and the presidency.

Walesa accused the Mazowiecki government, which he helped create, of moving too slowly to replace the present parliament, where 65 per cent of the seats were reserved for the subsequently dissolved Communist Party or its allies. He also said the arrangement under which former Communist First Secretary Woiciech Jaruzelski is serving as president is "outdated."

At BHP hall, Mazowiecki was asked to explain why his Solidar-

ity-led government has not moved faster to create a freemarket economy and dismiss Communist holdovers from gov-

government has not been, is not up, not by arguing but by acting." He said he hoped a parliament debate in September on a date for

in an atmosphere of 'political Mazowiecki skirted the issue of whether he would be a candidate for president, opposing Walesa's all-but-announced candidacy.

"I will answer this question when the problem is put forward formally, when the right time comes. But I think society should

dioxide emissions. have the right to choose between candidates," he said. Friday, more than 12 hours later than scheduled. When the delegates left the conference hall, Bert Bolin, a Swede beading the Intergovernmental Panel on Cli-

July 24 when an Ariane rocket placed two French and German United States acknowledged hu-

man activity is producing gases which are changing the climate and warming the globe. consensus ever reached among scientists that global warming poses problems for the future.

said Bolin. The panel spent two years preparing the document, under the auspices of the U.N. Environment Programme and the World Meteorological Organisa-

for Greenpeace International. "But the significant achieve-ment is that finally the United

from the burning of fossil fuels such as oil and coal, helps trap warm air around the Earth, turning the atmosphere into a "greenbouse."

of the greenhouse gases."

equal, it (the greenhouse effect) might lead to global warming." Bernthal said there is still uncertainty about the magnitude of

But Bernthal admitted late Thursday night that U.S. accept-ance of global warming theories in this document were a formal commitment and a step forward

beating, the magnitude and regional distribution are unclear. The scientific assessment lays the foundation for future negotiations on how to halt global

grave and perhaps final crisis. Such fears have long plagued the Aquino government, which came to power in the heady days of the 1986 "people power re-volution" that deposed President

But in the past three weeks, public confidence has plummeted. Rumours of a new coup attempt are rampant. Commentators believe the nation is facing a political showdown that may spell

tion, constitutional democracy in the Philippines is heading toward collapse ahead of the end of President Aquino's term in 1992." wrote Amando Doronila. editor of the pro-government newspaper, the Manila Chronicle.

democracy today is in imminent and mortal danger of being overthrown."

During four tumultuous years, Mrs. Aquino s government has weathered numerous crisis, including Communist and Muslim insurgencies and six coup attempts, most recently last De-

The Iraqi invasion of Kuwait and the oil price increases it is likely will bring, a series of natural solutions." Natural disasters include the disasters and a spate of bombings have brought the nation to the

this," said one Western diplomat, who spoke on condition of anony-The public mood is just awful. It seems like the government is tottering, just waiting for a push. Following a meeting of news-

brink of yet another crisis.

"I've never seen anything like

paper executives, most major Manila dailies published frontpage appeals Friday to defend democracy against a new coup attempt.

new elections. Philippine presidents served four-year terms under the constitution in effect when she took office. But the constitution drafted under the Aquino gov-

needs new leadership," Malaya In its editorial, the Manila Standard said that while it opposes military rule, "the admi-

nistration must recognise that the

idea has gained some currency

because the many crises that confront us seem to call for extreme

typhoons and a devastating flood that dumped nearly 1 metre of rain on the capital on Aug. 24. The government's clumsy response to the tragedies highlighted the administration's failures in the business of governing.

Earthquake recovery operations were hampered by poor communications and a lack of planning. The torrential rains flooded large areas of Manila because tons of incollected garbage had clogged the drainage

Kuwait threatens the jobs of more than 500,000 Filipino workers in the Guif region who pump \$1.3 billion into the Philippine economy each year.

It also promises to raise fuel prices in a country that relied heavily on Iraq and Kuwait for oil. In the Philippines oil prices are regulated by the government and although they have not yet been raised, increases are ex-

The spate of bombings in Manila — 17 since Aug. 13 — has prompted fears that military dissi-

GDANSK, Poland (AP) -Prime Minister Tadeusz Mazowiecki and five cabinet ministers returned to Solidarity's birthplace, pleading for support from workers disallusioned with the East Bloc's first non-Communist

weeks," Bigeot said at Ariane headquarters in Evry, France,

quid fuel and two of solid fuel powered the unmanned, threestage Ariane 44LP rocket, the biggest in the Ariane series.

Ministry's satellite programme. the rocket 20 minutes, 11 seconds after liftoff to go into geostation-ary orbit some 200 kilometres

"This evening we celebrate a record that illustrates the vitality nutes, 11 seconds later. of the European Space (Programme): four telecommunications

near Paris. Two strap-on cylinders of li-

On board were the Eutelsat 2-F1 telecommunications satellite and Skynet 4C, a long-planned

The Skynet 4C broke free from orbit over Central Africa 3 mi-

It is the second Ariane mission since an ill-fated rocket carrying

satellites put in orbit in five two Japanese communications

the launch of shuttle Columbia late Thursday after ground con-Saturday. trollers lost radio contact with a Columbia, which was grounded for repairs at the end of May due telescope in the ship's payload The National Aeronautics and

> will have to open the shuttle's payload bay doors to reach the faulty telescope part. Sofge said a telephone cable used

> to monitor the telescope's health at the launch pad was not chan-

supposed to do. In a news conference Sofge compared the communications trouble to "a fax machine that is

which is part of the \$148 million

to a fuel leak. several days because technicians

nelling radio signals as it was

U.S. postpones shuttle launch

It was the second delay for

Launch countdown director Al

The electronic repairs will take

could take a day to a week. Astronauts plan to use the

A month later — in the space programme's biggest setback since the sbuttle Challenger exploded is 1986 - NASA grounded its shuttle fleet for inspection and repairs after struggling with mysterious fuel leaks that appeared in two of the three

U.S. police to question possible suspects in 5 Florida murders

GAINESVILLE, Florida (AP) - Investigators have been dispatched across the state to question possible suspects in five grisly slayings that have paralysed

this college town, police said. Lt. Sadie Darnell, a Gainesville police spokeswoman, said some of the 600 law enforcement officials involved in the manhunt have been dispatched around the state to speak to suspects jailed for other crimes.

of other crimes, including a gory slashing in Ohio earlier this month. But police do not have a "hot

Others were examining reports

suspect," said Lt. Spencer Mann

of the Alachua County Sheriff's Department. Authorities were especially eager to find a man identified as Warren Virgil Tinch, of Franklin, Ohio, who is wanted for the stabbing death and mutilation of a 52-year-old Middletown, Ohio, woman, according to the GainesPolice said the killer appears to be methodical and chooses his victims carefully, focusing on pe-

Police have said three of the wounds and that their bodies were mutilated. Autopsies have not been completed on the bodies of two students found Tuesday.

about the mutilations. But the St.

Petersburg Times reported that

pieces of flesh from the first three

victims were missing.

"As far as effective action and impacts, the report is weak." said Jeremy Legget, science director

States has acknowledged the

ouse," scientists say.
Fred Beruthal, head of the

He added, "all things being the problem, and questions about

in policy. Bolin agreed that the rate of

ancestral. The police were re-pulsed and one officer killed, but it is still not clear who shot him. pathy with Indians in Oka, 29 kilometres west of Montreal. Sense of gloom spreads in Philippines

MANILA (AP) - Political storm clouds are gathering over the Philippines, creating the perception that President Corazon Aquino's government faces a

Ferdinand Marcos.

the end of Philippine democracy. "Four years after its restora-

The truth is that Philippine

But the daily Malaya said the only way out of the crisis was for Mrs. Aquino to resign and call

ernment granted presidents a single six-year term.

Given her demonstrable inability to govern... the country

July 16 carthquake which killed more than 1,600 people.

The Aug. 2 Iraqi invasion of

Live python, tiger skins seized from

Ariane sends 2 satellites into orbit KOUROU, French Guiana (AP) An Arjane rocket has lifted another two satellites into orbit, setting a launch record for the

lites in five weeks. The unmanned rocket blasted off at 2246 GMT Thursday under clear skies from this launch facility in northeastern South Amerthe commercial Arianespace

Programme

European rocket programme:

four telecommunications satel-

Arianespa. President Charles Bigeot said Thursday's launch. plus the launch five weeks ago. solidified the programme's comeback after the explosion of an Ariane rocket in February.

CAPE CANAVERAL (R) -

The U.S. space agency postponed

Space Administration (NASA) re-

scheduled the liftoff for 1:20 a.m.

(0520 GMT) Wednesday, scrap-

ping the scheduled Saturday launch to allow engineers to re-

pair an electronic part in the X-ray telescope.

before we have any idea how to

fix it." said NASA spokesman

The postponement was

announced after engineers spent

the day struggling to regain com-

Bruce Buckingham.

"It II probably be late Saturday

above the Gulf of Guinea. Entelsat 2-F1 went into geostationary

Astro observatory that had been set for launch here early

ville Sun. Witnesses allegedly spotted Tinch, 58, in Gainesville and nearby Ocala about a week before the five students were killed.

"He is a possible suspect,

Where he fits in on the hierarchy

of suspects. I don't know," said

Police have given few details

Africa into a spiral of bloodshed.

by strikes, black consumer boycotts and terrorist attacks. These tendencies are unacceptable. In a new South Afri-

ernment and managerial posi-Without mentioning Walesa by name, Mazowiecki replied: "This and will not, hinder political changes... we have been speeding

constitution would be carried out culture.'

elections and adopting a new

satellites exploded shortly after takeoff on Feb. 23, destroying its payload. The programme bounced back

communications satellites into orbit without problem. The next launch is expected sometime in October, with two American satellites — SBS-6 and Galaxy 6 — aboat Eutelsat 2-F1 is the first of a new series of five satellites designed to replace the current Entelsat i series. It will channel telephone.

tions to 600 million people in Europe, North Africa and the Skynet 4C, the third satellite of the Skynet 4 system, will handle tactical and strategic communications for the British

telex and television communica-

Without the part working, the telescope might not be able to beam back scientific information. Experts estimated repairs

Astro observatory to look for invisible ultraviolet and X-ray emissions from faraway stars. The mission will be the first of a shuttle since April, when Discovery placed the Hubble space telescope into orbit.

not receiving the data. We don't crafts.

tite brunettes with shoulderlength hair. victims died from multiple stab

other nations in agreeing that man's activities are causing the Earth's atmosphere to heat up. After four days of meeting to consider the most extensive scientific investigation of the Earth's climate, the delegations unanimously adopted a report which will be a basis for negotiations for future climate treaties. The meeting had been marked b

extensive argument behind closed doors between the Americans, who insisted more research is needed, and European nations committed to an international agreement on restricting carbon The conference ended early

mate Changes (IPCC), expressed satisfaction. "I am happy to inform you tha the delegates unanimously adopted the report," Bolin, a professor of metereology, said. Scientists and environmentalists earlier described the consensus on the U.N. sponsored report as a breakthrough because the

"This report marks the largest

global warming is actually hapening."
The United States, the largest produces of carbon dioxide, has blocked any international agreement to place mandatory restrictions on emission of gases which lead to the "greenhouse effect." Carbon dioxide, produced

Vational Science Foundation and the 25-person U.S. delegation at the chinate conference, said, "we are certain of the following: emissions resulting from human activi-ties are substantially increasing the atmospheric concentrations

when and where the effects would be feit.